## A WHAT ARE SQUARE ROOTS?

# A.1 CALCULATING SQUARE ROOTS OF PERFECT SQUARES

Ex 1: Calculate:

$$\sqrt{4} = \boxed{2}$$

Answer: Since  $2 \times 2 = 4$ , we have  $\sqrt{4} = 2$ .

Ex 2: Without using a calculator, calculate:

$$\sqrt{36} = \boxed{6}$$

Answer: Since  $6 \times 6 = 36$ , we have  $\sqrt{36} = 6$ .

Ex 3: Calculate:

$$\sqrt{64} = \boxed{8}$$

Answer: Since  $8 \times 8 = 64$ , we have  $\sqrt{64} = 8$ .

Ex 4: Calculate:

$$\sqrt{49} = \boxed{7}$$

Answer: Since  $7 \times 7 = 49$ , we have  $\sqrt{49} = 7$ .

Ex 5: Calculate:

$$\sqrt{100} = \boxed{10}$$

Answer: Since  $10 \times 10 = 100$ , we have  $\sqrt{100} = 10$ .

Ex 6: Calculate:

$$\sqrt{81} = \boxed{9}$$

Answer: Since  $9 \times 9 = 81$ , we have  $\sqrt{81} = 9$ .

Ex 7: Calculate:

$$\sqrt{0} = \boxed{0}$$

Answer: Since  $0 \times 0 = 0$ , we have  $\sqrt{0} = 0$ .

### A.2 CALCULATING SQUARE ROOTS OF FRACTIONS

Ex 8: Write in fraction form:

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

Answer: Since  $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$ , we have  $\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}} = \frac{1}{2}$ .

**Ex 9:** Write in fraction form:

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{25}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{5}}$$

Answer: Since  $\frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{25}$ , we have  $\sqrt{\frac{1}{25}} = \frac{1}{5}$ .

Ex 10: Write in fraction form:

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{9}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{3}}$$

Answer: Since  $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{9}$ , we have  $\sqrt{\frac{1}{9}} = \frac{1}{3}$ .

Ex 11: Write in fraction form

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{16}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{4}}$$

Answer: Since  $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{16}$ , we have  $\sqrt{\frac{1}{16}} = \frac{1}{4}$ .

Ex 12: Write in fraction form:

$$\sqrt{\frac{9}{16}} = \boxed{\frac{3}{4}}$$

Answer: Since  $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{16}$ , we have  $\sqrt{\frac{9}{16}} = \frac{3}{4}$ .

Ex 13: Write in fraction form:

$$\sqrt{\frac{4}{9}} = \boxed{\frac{2}{3}}$$

Answer: Since  $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{9}$ , we have  $\sqrt{\frac{4}{9}} = \frac{2}{3}$ .

## **B CALCULATING SQUARE ROOTS**

#### **B.1 USING A CALCULATOR**

Ex 14: Using a calculator, evaluate  $\sqrt{2}$  (round to 2 decimal places).

$$\sqrt{2} \approx \boxed{1.41}$$

Answer: By entering  $\sqrt{2}$  and pressing the equal button, the calculator displays: 1.41421356237...

So  $\sqrt{2} \approx 1.41$  (rounded to two decimal places).

Ex 15: Using a calculator, evaluate  $\sqrt{10}$  (round to 2 decimal places).

$$\sqrt{10} \approx \boxed{3.16}$$

Answer: By entering  $\sqrt{10}$  and pressing the equal button, the calculator displays: 3.16227766017...

So  $\sqrt{10} \approx 3.16$  (rounded to two decimal places).

Ex 16: Using a calculator, evaluate  $\sqrt{50}$  (round to 2 decimal places).

$$\sqrt{50} \approx \boxed{7.07}$$

Answer: By entering  $\sqrt{50}$  and pressing the equal button, the calculator displays: 7.07106781187...

So  $\sqrt{50} \approx 7.07$  (rounded to two decimal places).

Ex 17: Using a calculator, evaluate  $\sqrt{0.5}$  (round to 2 decimal places).

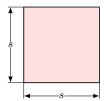
$$\sqrt{0.5} \approx \boxed{0.71}$$

Answer: By entering  $\sqrt{0.5}$  and pressing the equal button, the calculator displays: 0.70710678118...

So  $\sqrt{0.5} \approx 0.71$  (rounded to two decimal places).

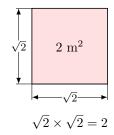
#### **B.2 FINDING THE SIDE LENGTH OF A SQUARE**

**Ex 18:** The area of a square is  $2 \text{ m}^2$ . What is the length of the side of the square, s?

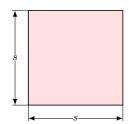


 $s \approx 1.41$  m (round your answer to 2 decimal places)

Answer: The area of a square is  $s^2$ , so  $s^2=2$ . Therefore,  $s=\sqrt{2}\approx 1.41$  m.



**Ex 19:** The area of a square is  $10 \text{ m}^2$ . What is the length of the side of the square, s?



 $s \approx \boxed{3.16} \; \mathrm{m}$  (round your answer to 2 decimal places)

Answer: The area of a square is  $s^2$ , so  $s^2 = 10$ . Therefore,  $s = \sqrt{10} \approx 3.16$  m (rounded to two decimal places).

