

# REFERENCE FUNCTIONS

**Introduction** In mathematics, **reference functions** are fundamental building blocks that help us understand more complex relationships. This chapter explores the following functions:

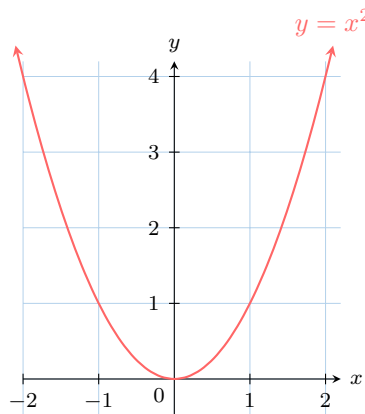
- **Square Function:**  $f(x) = x^2$
- **Square Root Function:**  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$
- **Cube Function:**  $f(x) = x^3$
- **Inverse Function:**  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$

For each function, we will investigate its definition and equation, its graph and properties and Real-world examples.

## A SQUARE FUNCTION

### Definition square function

The **square function** is given by  $f(x) = x^2$ . This means that each input value  $x$  is multiplied by itself to give the output.



- **Domain:** All real numbers ( $\mathbb{R}$ )
- **Shape:** A **parabola** opening upwards.

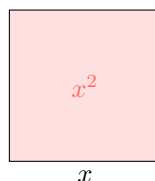
### Proposition Properties

- For any real number  $x$ ,  $x^2 \geq 0$ .
- The square function is strictly decreasing on  $(-\infty, 0]$  and strictly increasing on  $[0, +\infty)$ .

$x$	$-\infty$	$0$	$+\infty$
$x^2$	↘ $0$ ↗		

- The square function is even (its graph is symmetric with respect to the  $y$ -axis).

**Ex:** A square has a side length  $x$  meters. Its area is given by  $A(x) = x^2$ .

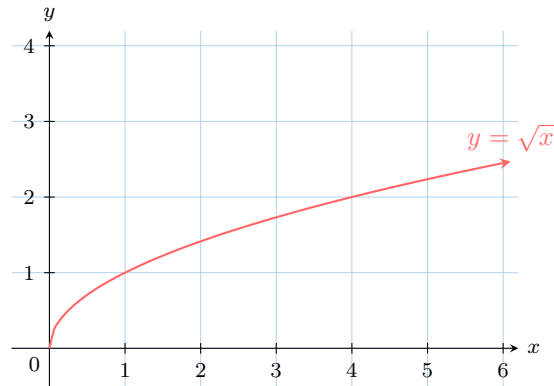


For example, for  $x = 4$  meters,  $A(4) = 4^2 = 16$  square meters.

## B SQUARE ROOT FUNCTION

### Definition Square Root Function

The **square root function** is given by  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$ . It is the inverse of the square function, where the output is the non-negative value that, when squared, gives the input.



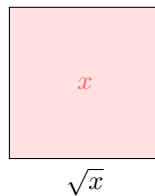
- **Domain:**  $[0, +\infty)$  (non-negative real numbers)
- **Shape:** A curve that increases rapidly for small  $x$  and more slowly as  $x$  grows.

### Proposition Properties

The square root function is strictly increasing on  $[0, +\infty)$ .

$x$	0	$+\infty$
$\sqrt{x}$	0	$\nearrow$

**Ex:** Let a square have an area of  $x$  square meters. The length of the side of the square is  $l(x) = \sqrt{x}$ .

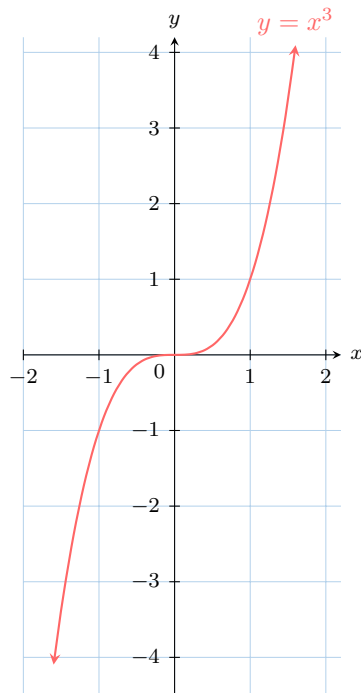


For example, for  $x = 25$  square meters,  $l(x) = \sqrt{25} = 5$  meters.

## C CUBE FUNCTION

### Definition Cube Function

The **cube function** is given by  $f(x) = x^3$ .



**Domain:** All real numbers ( $\mathbb{R}$ )

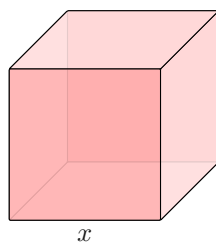
### Proposition Properties

- The cube function is strictly increasing on  $(-\infty, +\infty)$ .

$x$	$-\infty$	$+\infty$
$x^3$		

- The cube function is odd (its graph is symmetric about the origin).

**Ex:** The volume of a cube with a side length  $x$  meters is  $V(x) = x^3$ .

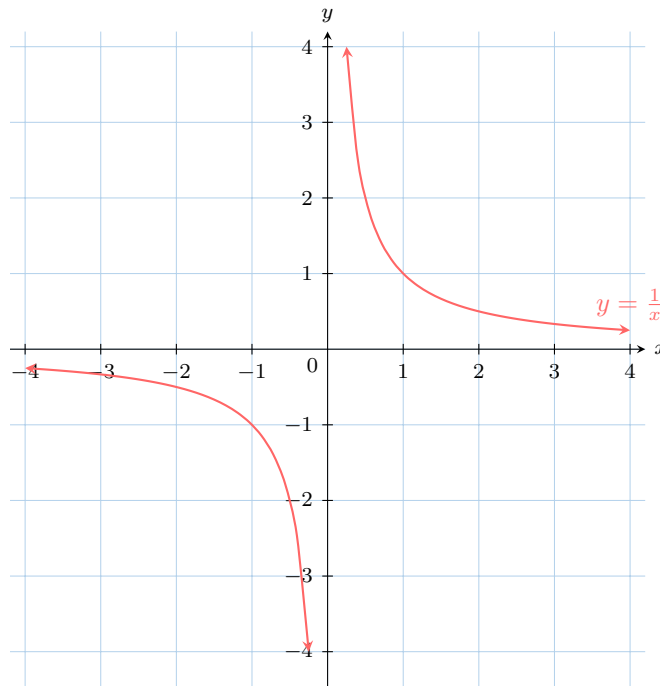


For example, for  $x = 3$  meters,  $V(3) = 3^3 = 27$  cubic meters.

## D INVERSE FUNCTION

### Definition Inverse Function

The **inverse Function** is given by  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ . It represents a reciprocal relationship, where the output is the reciprocal of the input.



- **Domain:**  $\mathbb{R}^*$  ( $x \neq 0$ )
- **Shape:** a **hyperbola**.

### Proposition Properties

- The inverse function is strictly decreasing on  $(-\infty, 0)$  and strictly decreasing on  $(0, +\infty)$ .

$x$	$-\infty$	$0$	$+\infty$	
$\frac{1}{x}$	↘		↘	

- The inverse function is odd (its graph is symmetric about the origin).