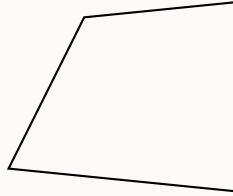


PROPERTIES OF QUADRILATERALS

A QUADRILATERAL CLASSIFICATION

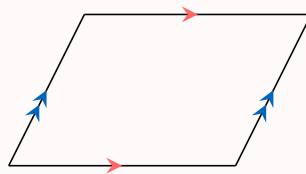
Definition Quadrilateral

A **quadrilateral** is a polygon with four sides.



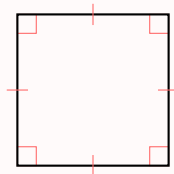
Definition Parallelogram

A **parallelogram** is a quadrilateral with two pairs of opposite sides parallel.



Definition Square

A **square** is a quadrilateral with four right angles and four equal sides.



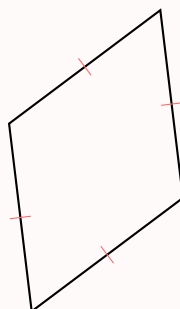
Definition Rectangle

A **rectangle** is a quadrilateral with four right angles.



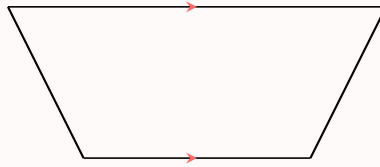
Definition Rhombus

A **rhombus** is a quadrilateral with four equal sides.



Definition Trapezium

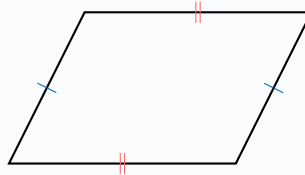
A **trapezium** is a quadrilateral with one pair of opposite sides parallel (in some countries, this is called a *trapezoid*).



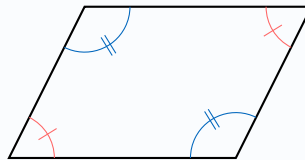
B PROPERTIES

Proposition Properties of a Parallelogram

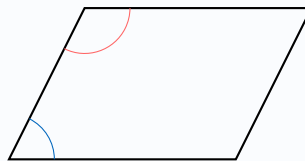
- The opposite sides are equal in length.



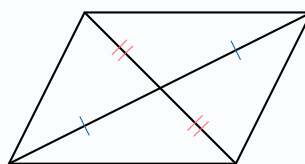
- The opposite angles are equal.



- The adjacent angles are supplementary (they add up to 180°).

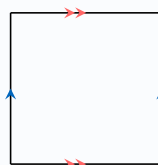


- The diagonals bisect each other (each one is cut in half by the other).

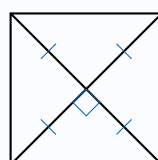


Proposition Properties of a Square

- The opposite sides are parallel.

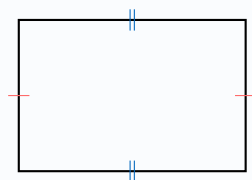


- The diagonals bisect each other, are perpendicular, and are equal in length.

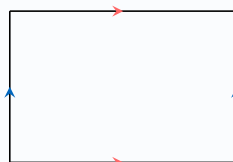


Proposition **Properties of a Rectangle**

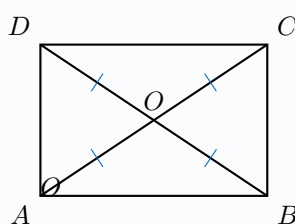
- The opposite sides are equal in length.



- The opposite sides are parallel.

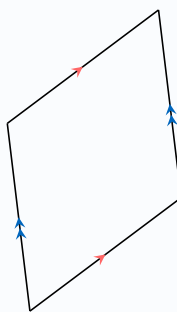


- The diagonals bisect each other and are equal in length.

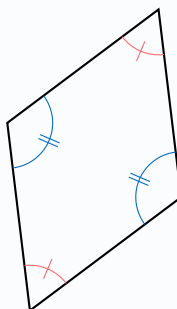


Proposition **Properties of a Rhombus**

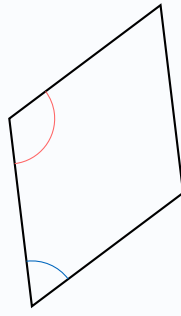
- The opposite sides are parallel.



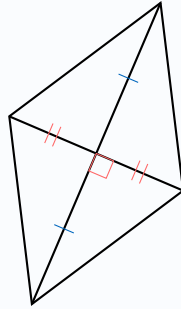
- The opposite angles are equal.



- The adjacent angles are supplementary (they add up to 180°).



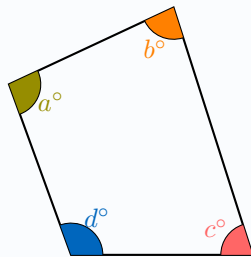
- The diagonals bisect each other at right angles.



C ANGLES

Proposition Sum of the Angles of a Quadrilateral

The sum of the interior angles of a quadrilateral is 360° .

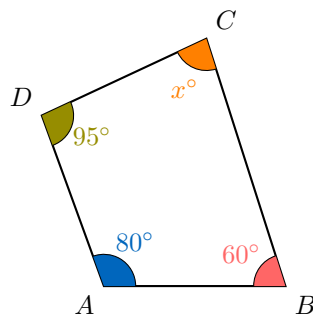


Cut and rearrange the angles

$$a^\circ + b^\circ + c^\circ + d^\circ = 360^\circ$$



Ex: Find the unknown angle x° .



Answer: The sum of the angles of a quadrilateral is 360° . The three known angles are 60° , 95° , and 80° .

$$x^\circ + 95^\circ + 80^\circ + 60^\circ = 360^\circ$$

$$x^\circ + 235^\circ = 360^\circ$$

(adding the known angles)

$$x^\circ = 360^\circ - 235^\circ$$

(subtracting 235° from both sides)

$$x^\circ = 125^\circ$$