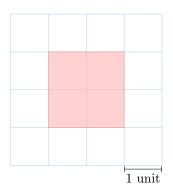
A DEFINITION

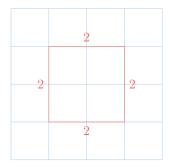
A.1 FINDING PERIMETER OF A SHAPE

Ex 1: What is the perimeter of the shaded figure?



8 units

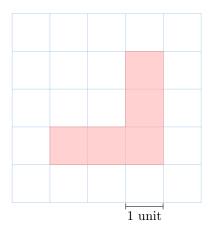
Answer:



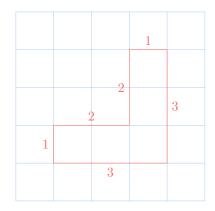
To find the perimeter, we add the length of all 4 sides : 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2.

The perimeter is 8 units.

Ex 2: What is the perimeter of the shaded figure?



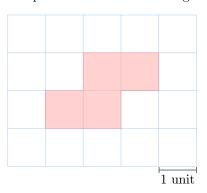
12 units



To find the perimeter, we add the length of all sides: 3+3+1+2+2+1.

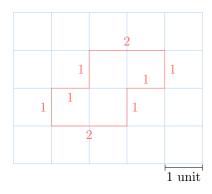
The perimeter is 12 units.

Ex 3: What is the perimeter of the shaded figure?



10 units

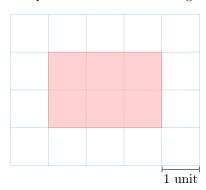
Answer:



To find the perimeter, we add the length of all sides: 2+1+1+1+2+1+1+1.

The perimeter is 10 units.

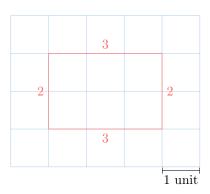
Ex 4: What is the perimeter of the shaded figure?



Answer:

10 units

Answer:

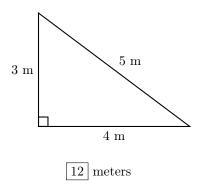


To find the perimeter, we add the length of all sides: 3 + 2 + 3 + 2.

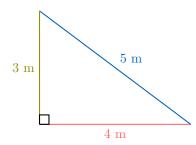
The perimeter is 10 units.

A.2 FINDING PERIMETER WHEN GIVEN SIDE LENGTHS

Ex 5: What is the perimeter of the right angle triangle?

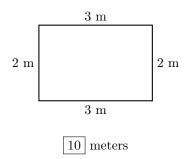


Answer: We find the perimeter by adding all of the side lengths.

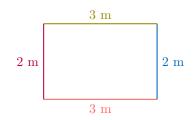


Perimeter = 4 m + 5 m + 3 m= 12 m

Ex 6: What is the perimeter of the rectangle?

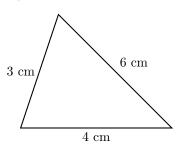


Answer: We find the perimeter by adding all of the side lengths.



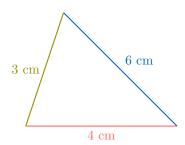
Perimeter =
$$\frac{3 \text{ m} + 2 \text{ m} + 3 \text{ m} + 2 \text{ m}}{10 \text{ m}}$$

Ex 7: What is the perimeter of the scalene?



13 centimeters

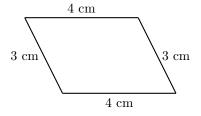
Answer: We find the perimeter by adding all of the side lengths.



Perimeter =
$$4 \text{ cm} + 6 \text{ cm} + 3 \text{ cm}$$

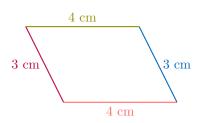
= 13 cm

Ex 8: What is the perimeter of the parallelogram?



14 centimeters

Answer: We find the perimeter by adding all of the side lengths.

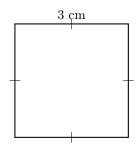


Perimeter =
$$4 \text{ cm} + 3 \text{ cm} + 4 \text{ cm} + 3 \text{ cm}$$

= 14 cm

A.3 BUILDING EXPRESSIONS

MCQ 9: Which of the following expressions can be used to find the perimeter of the square? All sides are the same length.



Choose 2 answers:

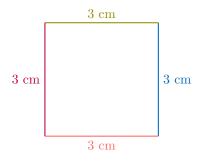
$$\boxtimes 4 \times 3$$

$$\Box 4+3$$

$$\boxtimes 3 + 3 + 3 + 3$$

$$\Box$$
 3+3

Answer: In the square, all sides are the same length.

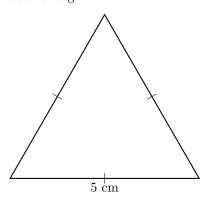


Perimeter =
$$3 + 3 + 3 + 3$$

= 4×3

So, the correct expressions are 4×3 and 3 + 3 + 3 + 3, both equal to 12 cm.

MCQ 10: Which of the following expressions can be used to find the perimeter of the equilateral triangle? All sides are the same length.



Choose 2 answers:

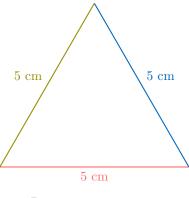
$$\Box$$
 5+3

$$\boxtimes 3 \times 5$$

$$\boxtimes 5+5+5$$

$$\Box$$
 5+5

Answer: In the equilateral triangle, all sides are the same length.



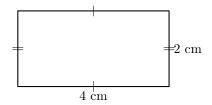
Perimeter =
$$\frac{5}{5} + \frac{5}{5} + \frac{5}{5}$$

= 3×5

So, the correct expressions are 3×5 and 5+5+5, both equal to 15 cm.

MCQ 11: Which of the following expressions can be used to find the perimeter of the rectangle?

Opposite sides are the same length.



Choose 2 answers:

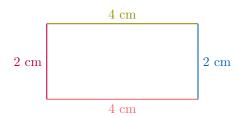
$$\square$$
 2+4

$$\boxtimes$$
 $(2 \times 2) + (2 \times 4)$

$$\boxtimes 4 + 4 + 2 + 2$$

$$\Box$$
 4 × 2

Answer: In the rectangle, opposite sides are the same length.



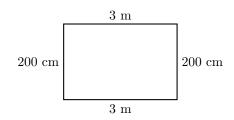
Perimeter =
$$\frac{4 + 4 + 2 + 2}{4 + 2 + 2}$$

= $(2 \times 4) + (2 \times 2)$

So, the correct expressions are $(2 \times 2) + (2 \times 4)$ and 4 + 4 + 2 + 2, both equal to 12 cm.

A.4 FINDING PERIMETER WHEN GIVEN SIDE LENGTHS USING CONVERSION UNIT LENGTHS

Ex 12: What is the perimeter of the rectangle?



• Convert to the same unit:

- Division Method:

$$200 \, \mathrm{cm} = 200 \div 100 \, \mathrm{m}$$

= $2 \, \mathrm{m}$

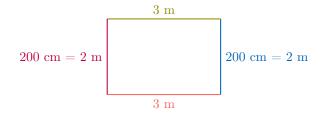
- Conversion Table Method:

km		m		cm	mm
		2	0	0	

So,

$$200\,\mathrm{cm} = 2\,\mathrm{m}$$

• Add all the side lengths:

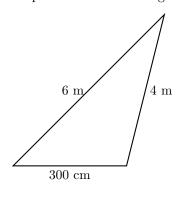


Perimeter =
$$\frac{3 \text{ m} + 2 \text{ m} + 3 \text{ m} + 2 \text{ m}}{= (3 + 2 + 3 + 2) \text{ m}}$$

= 10 m

So, the perimeter of the rectangle is 10 meters.

Ex 13: What is the perimeter of the triangle?



13 meters

Answer:

• Convert to the same unit:

- Division Method:

$$300 \, \mathrm{cm} = 300 \div 100 \, \mathrm{m}$$

= $3 \, \mathrm{m}$

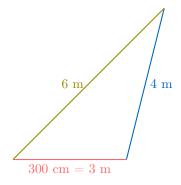
- Conversion Table Method:

km		m		$^{\mathrm{cm}}$	mm
		3	0	0	

So,

$$300\,\mathrm{cm} = 3\,\mathrm{m}$$

• Add all the side lengths:

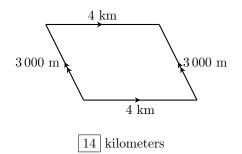


Perimeter =
$$\frac{3 \text{ m} + 4 \text{ m} + 6 \text{ m}}{4 \text{ m} + 6 \text{ m}}$$

= $(3 + 4 + 6) \text{ m}$
= 13 m

So, the perimeter of the triangle is 13 meters.

Ex 14: What is the perimeter of the parallelogram?



Answer:

• Convert to the same unit:

- Division Method:

$$3000 \,\mathrm{m} = 3000 \div 1000 \,\mathrm{km}$$

= $3 \,\mathrm{km}$

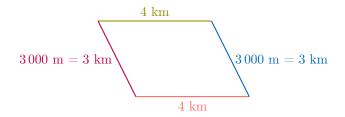
- Conversion Table Method:

km		m		cm	mm
3	0	0	0		

So,

$$3000\,\mathrm{m} = 3\,\mathrm{km}$$

• Add all the side lengths:

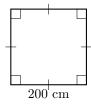


Perimeter =
$$4 \text{ km} + 3 \text{ km} + 4 \text{ km} + 3 \text{ km}$$

= $(4 + 3 + 4 + 3) \text{ km}$
= 14 km

So, the perimeter of the parallelogram is 14 kilometers.

Ex 15: What is the perimeter of the square in meters?





Answer:

- Convert to the same unit:
 - Division Method:

$$200 \,\mathrm{cm} = 200 \div 100 \,\mathrm{m}$$

= 2 m

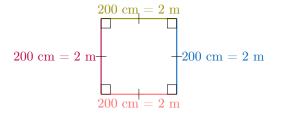
- Conversion Table Method:

km		m		cm	mm
		2	0	0	

So,

$$200 \,\mathrm{cm} = 2 \,\mathrm{m}$$

• Add all the side lengths: The square has 4 sides, each 2 m.



Perimeter =
$$\frac{2 \text{ m} + 2 \text{ m} + 2 \text{ m}}{2 \text{ m} + 2 \text{ m}}$$

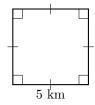
= $(2 + 2 + 2 + 2) \text{ m}$
= $4 \times 2 \text{ m}$
= 8 m

So, the perimeter of the square is 8 meters.

B PERIMETER OF COMMON SHAPES

B.1 FINDING PERIMETERS OF SQUARES AND RECTANGLES

Ex 16: What is the perimeter of the square?

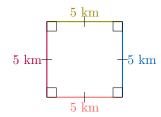


20 kilometers

• Method 1: Use the formula

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Perimeter} &= 4 \times c \\ &= 4 \times 5 \\ &= 20 \, \text{km} \end{aligned}$$

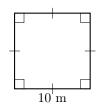
• Method 2: Add all the side lengths



Perimeter =
$$5 + 5 + 5 + 5$$

= 4×5
= 20 km

Ex 17: What is the perimeter of the square?



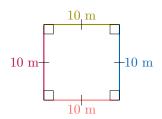
40 meters

Answer

• Method 1: Use the formula

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Perimeter} &= 4 \times c \\ &= 4 \times 10 \\ &= 40 \, \text{m} \end{aligned}$$

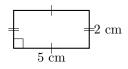
• Method 2: Add all the side lengths



Perimeter =
$$10 + 10 + 10 + 10$$

= 4×10
= 40 m

Ex 18: What is the perimeter of the rectangle?



14 centimeters

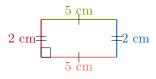
Answer: Answer:

• Method 1: Use the formula

Perimeter =
$$(2 \times L) + (2 \times l)$$

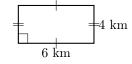
= $(2 \times 5) + (2 \times 2)$
= $10 + 4$
= 14 cm

• Method 2: Add all the side lengths



$$Perimeter = \frac{5 + 2 + 5 + 2}{= 14 \text{ cm}}$$

Ex 19: What is the perimeter of the rectangle?



20 kilometers

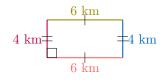
Answer:

• Method 1: Use the formula

Perimeter =
$$(2 \times l) + (2 \times w)$$

= $(2 \times 6) + (2 \times 4)$
= $12 \text{ km} + 8 \text{ km}$
= 20 km

• Method 2: Add all the side lengths



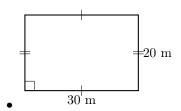
$$Perimeter = \frac{6 + 4 + 6 + 4}{4 + 6 + 4}$$
$$= 20 \text{ km}$$

B.2 SOLVING PROBLEMS

Ex 20: A farmer wants to build a fence around a rectangular field that measures 30 m by 20 m. The cost of the fence is 10 dollars per meter. What is the total cost to build the fence around the field?

1000 dollars

Answer:



• Find the perimeter of the rectangular field: Using the formula for the perimeter of a rectangle:

Perimeter =
$$(2 \times l) + (2 \times w)$$

= $(2 \times 30) + (2 \times 20)$
= $60 \text{ m} + 40 \text{ m}$
= 100 m

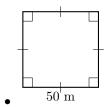
• Calculate the cost of the fence: The cost is 10 dollars per meter, and the perimeter is 100 m:

Total cost = Perimeter
$$\times$$
 Cost per meter
= 100×10
= 1000 dollars

So, the total cost to build the fence is 1000 dollars.

Ex 21: A park manager wants to install a pathway of lights around a square park that has a side length of 50 m. The cost of installing the lights is 15 dollars per meter. What is the total cost to install the lights around the park?

Answer:



• Find the perimeter of the square park: Using the formula for the perimeter of a square:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Perimeter} &= 4 \times s \\ &= 4 \times 50 \\ &= 200 \, \text{m} \end{aligned}$$

• Calculate the cost of the lights: The cost is 15 dollars per meter, and the perimeter is 200 m:

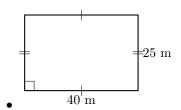
Total cost = Perimeter
$$\times$$
 Cost per meter
= 200×15
= 3000 dollars

So, the total cost to install the lights is 3000 dollars.

Ex 22: A school wants to create a border of flowers around a rectangular garden that measures 40 m by 25 m. The cost of planting the flowers is 8 dollars per meter. What is the total cost to create the flower border around the garden?

1040 dollars

Answer:



• Find the perimeter of the rectangular garden: Using the formula for the perimeter of a rectangle:

Perimeter =
$$(2 \times l) + (2 \times w)$$

= $(2 \times 40) + (2 \times 25)$
= $80 \text{ m} + 50 \text{ m}$
= 130 m

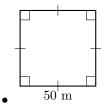
• Calculate the cost of the flower border: The cost is 8 dollars per meter, and the perimeter is 130 m:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total cost} &= \text{Perimeter} \times \text{Cost per meter} \\ &= 130 \times 8 \\ &= 1\,040\,\text{dollars} \end{aligned}$$

So, the total cost to create the flower border is 1 040 dollars.

Ex 23: To celebrate a community event, children form a human chain to surround a square park with a side length of 50 m. If 2 children are needed per meter, how many children are required to surround the park?

Answer:



• Find the perimeter of the square park: Using the formula for the perimeter of a square:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Perimeter} &= 4 \times s \\ &= 4 \times 50 \\ &= 200 \, \text{m} \end{aligned}$$

• Calculate the number of children needed: There are 2 children per meter, and the perimeter is 200 m:

Total children = Perimeter × Children per meter =
$$200 \times 2$$
 = 400 children

So, the total number of children needed to surround the park is 400 children.