A STANDARD UNITS OF LENGTH

A.1 CHOOSING LENGTH UNITS

MCQ 1: Which unit will be used to measure how long a pencil is?

Choose 1 answer:

- □ Centimeters
- □ Meters
- ☐ Kilometers

Answer: Centimeters will be used to measure how long a pencil is.

MCQ 2: Which unit will be used to measure the distance between two cities?

Choose 1 answer:

- ☐ Millimeters
- □ Centimeters
- ☐ Meters

Answer: Kilometers will be used to measure the distance between two cities.

MCQ 3: Which unit will be used to measure how tall a tree

Choose 1 answer:

- ☐ Millimeters
- ☐ Centimeters
- ☐ Kilometers

Answer: Meters will be used to measure how tall a tree is.

MCQ 4: Which unit will be used to measure the length of an ant?

Choose 1 answer:

- □ Centimeters
- □ Meters
- ☐ Kilometers

Answer: Millimeters will be used to measure the length of an ant.

MCQ 5: Which unit will be used to measure how long a book is?

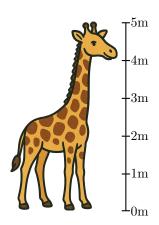
Choose 1 answer:

- ☐ Millimeters
- □ Centimeters
- \square Meters
- ☐ Kilometers

Answer: Centimeters will be used to measure how long a book is.

A.2 MEASURING

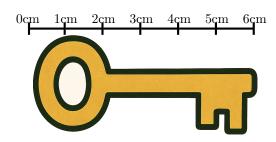
Ex 6:



The giraffe measures 5 meters tall.

Answer: The giraffe measures 5 meters tall.

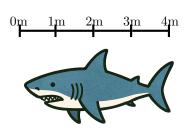
Ex 7:



The key measures 6 centimeters long.

Answer: The key measures 6 centimeters long.

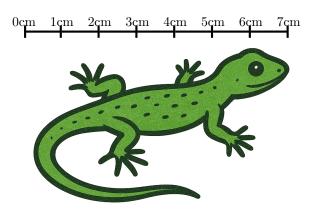
Ex 8:



The shark measures 4 meters long.

Answer: The shark measures 4 meters long.

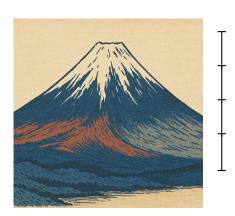
Ex 9:



The lizard measures 7 centimeters long.

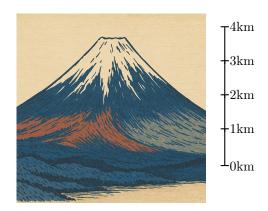
Answer: The lizard measures 7 centimeters long.

Ex 10:

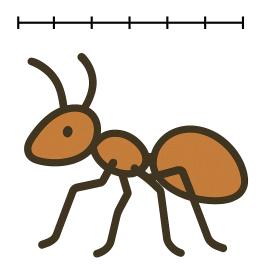


Mount Fuji measures 4 kilometers tall.

Answer: Mount Fuji measures 4 kilometers tall.

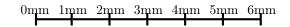


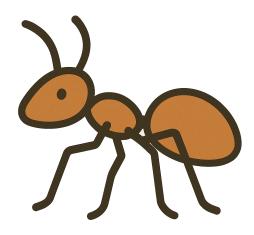
Ex 11:



The ant measures 6 millimeters long.

Answer: The ant measures 6 millimeters long.





B CONVERSION OF LENGTH UNITS

B.1 CONVERTING UNITS OF LENGTH

Ex 12: Convert:

$$2 \, \text{km} = \boxed{2000} \, \text{m}.$$

Answer:

• Multiplication Method:

$$2 \,\mathrm{km} = 2 \times 1\,000 \,\mathrm{m}$$

= $2\,000 \,\mathrm{m}$

• Conversion Table Method:

km			m	$^{\mathrm{cm}}$	mm
2	0	0	0		

So,

$$2 \,\mathrm{km} = 2\,000 \mathrm{m}$$

Ex 13: Convert:

$$4 \,\mathrm{m} = 400 \,\mathrm{cm}$$
.

Answer:

• Multiplication Method:

$$4 m = 4 \times 100 cm$$
$$= 400 cm$$

• Conversion Table Method:

km		m		$^{ m cm}$	mm
		4	0	0	

So,

$$4 \,\mathrm{m} = 400 \,\mathrm{cm}$$

Ex 14: Convert:

$$300 \, \text{cm} = \boxed{3} \, \text{m}.$$

Answer:

• Division Method:

$$300 \,\mathrm{cm} = 300 \div 100 \,\mathrm{m}$$

= $3 \,\mathrm{m}$

• Conversion Table Method:

km		m		cm	mm
		3	0	0	

So,

$$300\,\mathrm{cm} = 3\,\mathrm{m}$$

Ex 15: Convert:

$$4000 \,\mathrm{m} = \boxed{4} \,\mathrm{km}.$$

Answer:

• Division Method:

$$4000 \,\mathrm{m} = 4000 \div 1000 \,\mathrm{km}$$

= $4 \,\mathrm{km}$

• Conversion Table Method:

km			m	cm	mm
4	0	0	0		

So,

$$4000 \,\mathrm{m} = 4 \,\mathrm{km}$$

Ex 16: Convert:

$$23 \, \text{cm} = \boxed{230} \, \text{mm}.$$

Answer:

ullet Multiplication Method:

$$23 \,\mathrm{cm} = 23 \times 10 \,\mathrm{mm}$$
$$= 230 \,\mathrm{mm}$$

• Conversion Table Method:

km		m		cm	mm
			2	3	0

So,

$$23 \,\mathrm{cm} = 230 \,\mathrm{mm}$$

Ex 17: Convert:

$$6000 \, \text{mm} = \boxed{6} \, \text{m}.$$

Answer:

• Division Method:

$$6\,000\,\mathrm{mm} = 6\,000 \div 1\,000\,\mathrm{m}$$

= $6\,\mathrm{m}$

• Conversion Table Method:

km		m		cm	mm
		6	0	0	0

So,

$$6000 \, \text{mm} = 6 \, \text{m}$$

B.2 CONVERTING UNITS OF LENGTH WITH DECIMAL NUMBERS

Ex 18: Convert:

$$2.3 \,\mathrm{km} = \boxed{2300} \,\mathrm{m}.$$

Answer:

ullet Multiplication Method:

$$2.3 \,\mathrm{km} = 2.3 \times 1000 \,\mathrm{m}$$

= $2300 \,\mathrm{m}$

• Conversion Table Method:

km			m	$^{\mathrm{cm}}$	mm
2	3	0	0.		

So,

$$2.3 \,\mathrm{km} = 2300 \,\mathrm{m}.$$

Ex 19: Convert:

$$1.60 \,\mathrm{m} = \boxed{160} \,\mathrm{cm}.$$

Answer:

• Multiplication Method:

$$1.60 \,\mathrm{m} = 1.60 \times 100 \,\mathrm{cm}$$

= $160 \,\mathrm{cm}$

• Conversion Table Method:

km		m		$^{\mathrm{cm}}$	mm
		1	6	0.	

So,

$$1.60 \,\mathrm{m} = 160 \,\mathrm{cm}$$
.

Ex 20: Convert:

$$22.5 \, \text{cm} = \boxed{225} \, \text{mm}.$$

Answer:

ullet Multiplication Method:

$$22.5 \, \text{cm} = 22.5 \times 10 \, \text{mm}$$

= $225 \, \text{mm}$

• Conversion Table Method:

km		m		$^{ m cm}$	mm
			2	2	5.

So,

$$22.5 \,\mathrm{cm} = 225 \,\mathrm{mm}.$$

Ex 21: Convert:

$$185 \, \text{cm} = \boxed{1.85} \, \text{m}.$$

Answer:



• Division Method:

$$185 \,\mathrm{cm} = 185 \div 100 \,\mathrm{m}$$

= 1.85 m

• Conversion Table Method:

km		m		cm	mm
		1.	8	5	

So,

$$185 \, \text{cm} = 1.85 \, \text{m}.$$

Ex 22: Convert:

$$2300 \,\mathrm{m} = \boxed{2.3} \,\mathrm{km}.$$

Answer:

• Division Method:

$$2300 \,\mathrm{m} = 2300 \div 1000 \,\mathrm{km}$$

= $2.3 \,\mathrm{km}$

• Conversion Table Method:

km			m	cm	mm
2.	3	0	0		

So.

$$2300 \,\mathrm{m} = 2.3 \,\mathrm{km}.$$

Ex 23: Convert:

$$42.2 \,\mathrm{km} = \boxed{42200} \,\mathrm{m}.$$

Answer:

• Multiplication Method:

$$42.2 \,\mathrm{km} = 42.2 \times 1000 \,\mathrm{m}$$

= $42200 \,\mathrm{m}$

• Conversion Table Method:

	km			m	cm	mm
4	2	2	0	0.		

So,

$$42.2 \,\mathrm{km} = 42\,200 \,\mathrm{m}$$
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B.3 SOLVING PROBLEMS WITH UNIT CONVERSIONS

MCQ 24: Hugo and Louis go walking. Louis walks 5 000 meters, and Hugo walks 4.2 kilometers. Who did the longest walk?

□ Louis

☐ Hugo

Answer: To compare their distances, we need to use the same unit. We can convert either to meters or to kilometers. Let's look at both options.

Option 1: Convert to meters (Louis's unit)

Hugo walks 4.2 km. Using the conversion table:

km			m		cm	mm
4	2	0	0	0.		

So, 4.2 km = 4200 m.

Now, compare:

• Louis: 5 000 m

• Hugo: 4200 m

Option 2: Convert to kilometers (Hugo's unit)

Louis walks 5000 m. Using the conversion table:

km			m	cm	$_{ m mm}$
5.	0	0	0		

So, 5000 m = 5.0 km.

Now, compare:

• Louis: 5.0 km

• Hugo: 4.2 km

In both cases, since 5 000 m (or 5.0 km) is more than 4 200 m (or 4.2 km), **Louis** did the longest walk.

Why choose kilometers? For large distances, like walks between places, using kilometers often gives smaller numbers that are easier to compare.

MCQ 25: A giraffe is 5.1 meters tall, and a horse is 200 centimeters tall. Which animal is taller?

⊠ Giraffe

 \square Horse

 ${\it Answer:}$ Let's convert the horse's height to meters to compare with the giraffe.

The horse is 200 cm tall. Using the conversion table:

km		m		cm	mm
		2	0	0	

So, 200 cm = 2 m. Now, compare:

• Giraffe: 5.1 m

• Horse: 2 m

Since 5.1 m is more than 2 m, the **giraffe** is taller.

MCQ 26: A snake is 3.8 meters long, and a crocodile is 400 centimeters long. Which animal is longer?

☐ Snake

□ Crocodile

 ${\it Answer:}$ Let's convert the crocodile's length to meters to compare with the snake.

The crocodile is 400 cm long. Using the conversion table:

km		m		cm	mm
		4	0	0	

So, 400 cm = 4 m.

Now, compare:

• Snake: 3.8 m

• Crocodile: 4 m

Since 4 m is more than 3.8 m, the **crocodile** is longer.

MCQ 27: Emma walks 2.7 km to school, and Liam walks 3000 meters to school. Who walks farther?

□ Emma

⊠ Liam

Answer: Let's convert Liam's distance to kilometers to compare with Emma, since kilometers are more convenient for these distances.

Liam walks $3\,000$ m. Using the conversion table:

ŀ	m			m	cm	mm
	3	0	0	0		

So, 3000 m = 3 km.

Now, compare:

• Emma: 2.7 km

• Liam: 3 km

Since 3 km is more than 2.7 km, **Liam** walks farther.