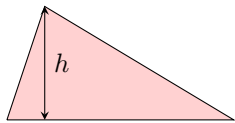


# FORMULAS

## A UNDERSTANDING FORMULAS

### A.1 FINDING THE SUBJECTS



**MCQ 1:** For a triangle , we have the formula

$$A = \frac{b \times h}{2}.$$

Find the subject of the formula.

- ☐  $A$ : the area
- ☐  $b$ : the base
- ☐  $h$ : the height

**MCQ 2:** In an electrical circuit, we have the formula

$$U = RI.$$

Find the subject of the formula.

- ☐  $U$ : the voltage
- ☐  $R$ : the resistance
- ☐  $I$ : the current

**MCQ 3:** In physics, we have the formula

$$v = \frac{d}{t}.$$

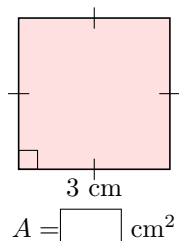
Find the subject of the formula.

- ☐  $v$ : the velocity
- ☐  $d$ : the distance
- ☐  $t$ : the time

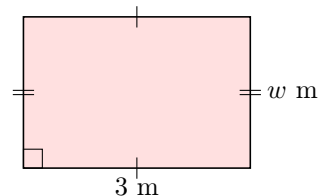
## B SUBSTITUTING INTO FORMULAS

### B.1 CALCULATING MEASURES IN GEOMETRY

**Ex 4:** Find the area of the figure:



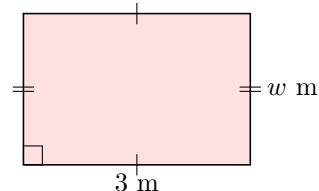
**Ex 5:** The area of the rectangle is  $6 \text{ m}^2$  and the length of one side is  $3 \text{ m}$ .



Find the width of the rectangle.


$$w = \boxed{\phantom{00}} \text{ m}$$

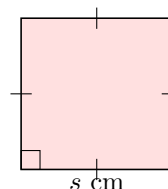
**Ex 6:** The perimeter of the rectangle is  $10 \text{ m}$ .



Find the width of the rectangle.


$$w = \boxed{\phantom{00}} \text{ m}$$

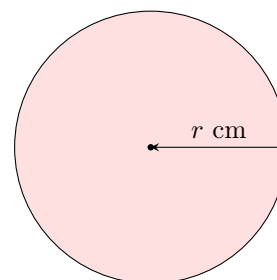
**Ex 7:**  The area of a square is  $10 \text{ cm}^2$ .



Find the length of the side of the square (round to 2 decimal places).

$$s = \boxed{\phantom{00}} \text{ cm}$$

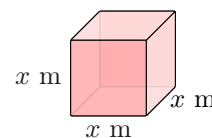
**Ex 8:**  The area of a circle is  $10 \text{ cm}^2$ . Recall the formula:  $A = \pi r^2$ .



Find the radius of the circle (round your answer to 2 decimal places).

$$r = \boxed{\phantom{00}} \text{ cm}$$


**Ex 9:** The volume of the cube is  $10 \text{ m}^3$ .



Find the length of the side of the cube (round to 2 decimal places and  $\sqrt[3]{10} = 2.1544 \dots$ ).


$$x = \boxed{\phantom{00}} \text{ m}$$

## B.2 CALCULATING MEASURES IN PHYSICS

**Ex 10:**  A car travels at a constant speed of 120 km/h for 2 hours.


Find the distance traveled by the car. Recall the formula:  $v = \frac{d}{t}$ .

$$d = \boxed{\phantom{000}} \text{ km}$$

**Ex 11:**  A circuit has a resistance of 5  $\Omega$  and a voltage of 20 V.


Find the current flowing through the circuit. Recall the formula:  $U = RI$ .

$$I = \boxed{\phantom{00}} \text{ A}$$

**Ex 12:**  The formula  $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$  converts a temperature from Celsius ( $C$ ) to Fahrenheit ( $F$ ).

Given a temperature of 68°F, find the temperature in Celsius.

$$C = \boxed{\phantom{00}}^{\circ}\text{C}$$

**Ex 13:**  The formula  $E_p = mgh$  calculates the gravitational potential energy ( $E_p$ ) of an object, where  $m$  is the mass in kilograms,  $g$  is the acceleration due to gravity (9.8 m/s<sup>2</sup>), and  $h$  is the height in meters.

Given an object with a mass of 10 kg and a gravitational potential energy of 490 J, find the height at which the object is located.

$$h = \boxed{\phantom{00}} \text{ m}$$

## C REARRANGING FORMULAS

### C.1 REARRANGING LINEAR EQUATIONS

**Ex 14:** Rearrange the equation  $3x + 4y = 13$  to make  $y$  the subject.

$$y = \boxed{\phantom{000}}$$

**Ex 15:** Rearrange the equation  $5x - 2y = 10$  to make  $y$  the subject.

$$y = \boxed{\phantom{000}}$$

**Ex 16:** Rearrange the equation  $3y + 2x = -x + 3$  to make  $y$  the subject.

$$y = \boxed{\phantom{000}}$$

**Ex 17:** Rearrange the equation  $7y - 5x = 2x + 14$  to make  $y$  the subject.

$$y = \boxed{\phantom{000}}$$

## C.2 REARRANGING GEOMETRIC FORMULAE

**MCQ 18:** The formula for the circumference (perimeter) of a circle is  $C = 2\pi r$ .

Rearrange the formula to make  $r$  the subject.

**Choose the correct answer:**

☐  $r = 2\pi C$

☐  $2\pi r = C$

☐  $r = \frac{C}{2\pi}$

**MCQ 19:** The formula for the volume of a cube is  $V = s^3$ .

Rearrange the formula to make  $s$  the subject.

**Choose the correct answer:**

☐  $s = V^3$

☐  $s = \frac{V}{3}$

☐  $s = \sqrt[3]{V}$

**MCQ 20:** The formula for the area of a triangle is  $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$ .

Rearrange the formula to make  $h$  the subject.

**Choose the correct answer:**

☐  $h = \frac{b}{2A}$

☐  $h = \frac{A}{2b}$

☐  $h = \frac{2A}{b}$

## C.3 REARRANGING PHYSICS FORMULAE

**MCQ 21:** The formula  $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$  converts a temperature from Celsius ( $C$ ) to Fahrenheit ( $F$ ).

Rearrange the formula to make  $C$  the subject.

**Choose the correct answer:**

☐  $C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$

☐  $C = \frac{9}{5}(F - 32)$

☐  $C = \frac{5}{9}F + 32$

**MCQ 22:** The formula  $v = \frac{d}{t}$  relates speed ( $v$ ), distance ( $d$ ), and time ( $t$ ).

Rearrange the formula to make  $t$  the subject.

**Choose the correct answer:**

☐  $t = \frac{d}{v}$

☐  $t = \frac{v}{d}$

☐  $t = dv$

**MCQ 23:** The formula  $U = RI$  relates voltage ( $U$ ), resistance ( $R$ ), and current ( $I$ ).

Rearrange the formula to make  $I$  the subject.

**Choose the correct answer:**

$$\square I = \frac{U}{R}$$

$$\square I = UR$$

$$\square I = \frac{R}{U}$$

**MCQ 24:** The formula  $E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$  relates kinetic energy ( $E$ ), mass ( $m$ ), and speed ( $v$ ).

Rearrange the formula to make  $v$  the subject.

Choose the correct answer:

$$\square v = \sqrt{\frac{2E}{m}}$$

$$\square v = \frac{E}{m}$$

$$\square v = \frac{2E}{m}$$

## C.4 REARRANGING RATIO EQUATIONS

**Ex 25:** Rearrange the equation  $\frac{2}{y} = \frac{x}{6}$  to make  $y$  the subject:

$$y = \boxed{\phantom{000}}$$

**Ex 26:** Rearrange the equation  $\frac{1}{x} = \frac{2}{y}$  to make  $y$  the subject:

$$y = \boxed{\phantom{000}}$$

**Ex 27:** Rearrange the equation  $\frac{x}{2} = \frac{4}{y}$  to make  $y$  the subject:

$$y = \boxed{\phantom{000}}$$

**Ex 28:** Rearrange the equation  $\frac{y}{x} = \frac{4}{3}$  to make  $y$  the subject:

$$y = \boxed{\phantom{000}}$$

## D CONSTRUCTING FORMULAS

### D.1 MODELING LINEAR RELATIONSHIPS WITH ALGEBRA

**Ex 29:** A mechanic charges a \$40 call-out fee and \$30 per hour thereafter.

Find the mechanic's fee  $M$  for a job which takes  $x$  hours.

$$M = \boxed{\phantom{000}}$$

**Ex 30:** A car rental company includes 50 km in the rental and adds/allows 15 km for each extra hour.

Find the total distance  $D$  the car can travel in terms of the rental time  $x$  (in hours).

$$D = \boxed{\phantom{000}}$$

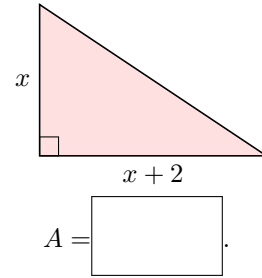
**Ex 31:** A gym membership includes a one-time joining fee of \$25 and a monthly fee of \$40.

Find the total cost  $C$  after  $x$  months.

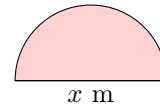
$$C = \boxed{\phantom{000}}$$

### D.2 MODELING AREAS AND VOLUMES WITH ALGEBRA: LEVEL 1

**Ex 32:** A right-angled triangle has a base length of  $x + 2$  units and a height of  $x$  units. Find the area  $A$  of the triangle.



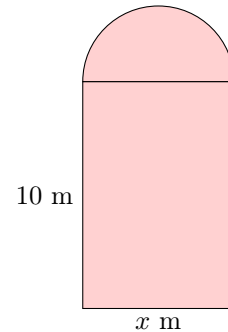
**Ex 33:** A garden is in the shape of a semi-circle with diameter  $x$  meters.



Find the area  $A$  of the garden in terms of the diameter  $x$  of the semi-circle.

$$A = \boxed{\phantom{000}} \text{ m}^2.$$

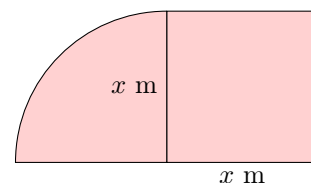
**Ex 34:** The door is composed of a rectangle with height 10 meters and width  $x$  meters, topped with a semi-circle of diameter  $x$  meters.



Find the area  $A$  of the door in terms of  $x$ .

$$A = \boxed{\phantom{000}} \text{ m}^2.$$

**Ex 35:** The door consists of a square with side length  $x$  meters and a quarter-circle with radius  $x$  meters.

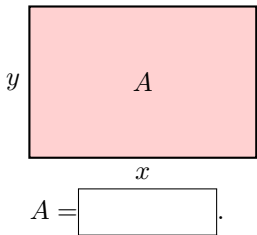


Find the area  $A$  of the door in terms of  $x$ .

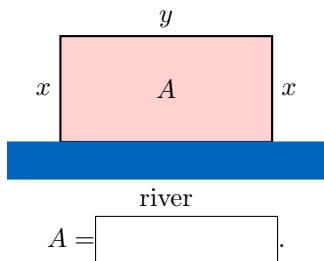
$$A = \boxed{\phantom{000}} \text{ m}^2.$$

### D.3 MODELING AREAS AND VOLUMES WITH ALGEBRA: LEVEL 2

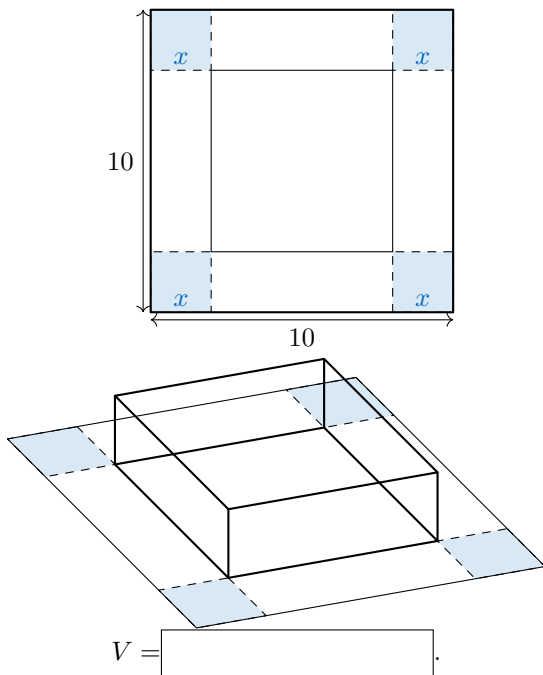
**Ex 36:** You have 28 meters of fencing to enclose a rectangular vegetable garden. Let  $x$  be the length of the rectangle and  $y$  be the width. Find the area  $A$  of the garden in terms of  $x$ .



**Ex 37:** A farmer has 4000 meters of fencing to enclose a rectangular field along a river. Because one side is along the river, fencing is required on only three sides. Let  $x$  be the length perpendicular to the river and  $y$  the length parallel to the river. Find the area  $A$  of the field in terms of  $x$ .



**Ex 38:** A sheet of paper  $10\text{ cm} \times 10\text{ cm}$  is made into an open box by cutting  $x$ -cm squares out of each corner and folding up the sides.  
Find the volume  $V$  of the box in terms of  $x$ .



Find a formula for the number of matchsticks in the  $n$ -th diagram.

Number of matchsticks = .

**Ex 40:** Look at the following triangular matchstick pattern:

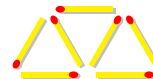


diagram 3

Find a formula for the number of matchsticks in the  $n$ -th diagram.

Number of matchsticks = .

**Ex 41:** Find the  $n$ -th term of the sequence  $5, 10, 15, 20, 25, \dots$

$n$ -th term = .

**Ex 42:** Find the  $n$ -th term of the sequence  $6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, \dots$

$n$ -th term = .

**Ex 43:** Find the  $n$ -th term of the sequence  $1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, \dots$

$n$ -th term = .

**Ex 44:** Find the  $n$ -th term of the sequence  $2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, \dots$

$$n\text{-th term} = \boxed{\phantom{000}}.$$

**Ex 45:** Find the  $n$ -th term of the sequence  $1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, \dots$

$$n\text{-th term} = \boxed{\phantom{000}}.$$

**Ex 46:** Find the  $n$ -th term of the sequence  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{8}, \dots$

$n$ -th term = .

#### D.4 FINDING PATTERNS AND WRITING FORMULAE

**Ex 39:** Look at the following matchstick pattern:

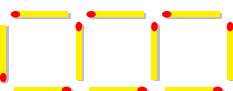


diagram 3