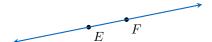
ELEMENTS OF GEOMETRY

A POINT	Ex 6: Using a pencil, draw two points and label them A and B .
A.1 COUNTING NUMBER OF POINTS	
Ex 1: Count the points in the figure.	
ullet B	Ex 7: Using a pencil, draw three points and label them $A, B,$ and C .
Aullet	
$\overset{\bullet}{C}$	B LINES, SEGMENTS AND RAYS
points	B.1 RECOGNIZING
Ex 2: Count the points in the figure.	MCQ 8: Which term describes this figure?
ullet F	
$E \bullet$ points	Choose one answer: Line Line segment Ray MCQ 9: Which term describes this figure?
Eullet	Choose one answer: Line Line segment
$\overset{ullet}{H}$ points $\mathbf{Ex} \ \mathbf{4:} \ \text{Count the points in the figure}.$ $I \bullet$	 □ Ray MCQ 10: Which term describes this figure? Choose one answer: □ Line □ Line segment
point	☐ Ray MCQ 11: Which term describes this figure?
A.2 DRAWING POINTS	
Ex 5: Using a pencil, draw a point and label it A.	Choose one answer: Line Line segment Ray

B.2 NAMING

MCQ 12: Name the line represented in this figure:



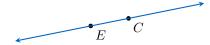
Choose one answer:



$$\Box \overleftrightarrow{EF}$$

$$\Box \overrightarrow{EF}$$

MCQ 13: Name the line represented in this figure:



Choose one answer:







MCQ 14: Name the ray represented in this figure:



Choose one answer:

 $\Box \overline{CE}$

 $\Box \overleftrightarrow{CE}$

 $\square \overrightarrow{CE}$

 $\square \overrightarrow{EC}$

MCQ 15: Name the ray represented in this figure:



Choose one answer:

 $\Box \overline{EC}$

 $\square \overleftrightarrow{EC}$

 $\Box \overrightarrow{CE}$

 $\square \overrightarrow{EC}$

MCQ 16: Name the segment represented in this figure:



Choose one answer:

 $\Box \overline{EC}$

 $\square \overleftrightarrow{EC}$



MCQ 17: Name the line represented in this figure:



Choose all correct answers:

 $\Box \overleftrightarrow{AB}$

 $\square \overleftrightarrow{AC}$

 $\square \overleftrightarrow{BC}$

B.3 DRAWING LINES, SEGMENTS AND RAYS

Ex 18: Using a ruler and pencil, draw a straight line passing through points A and B. Label both points clearly.

through poil	ats A and B . I	Label both points of	clearly.

Ex 19: Using a ruler and pencil, draw a line segment passing through points A and B. Label both points clearly.

through points A and B . Label both points clearly.						

Ex 20: Using a ruler and pencil, draw a ray passing through

points A and B . Label both points clearly.	

B.4 CHECKING A CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM

 \mathbf{MCQ} 21: A teacher gives these construction steps:

1. Draw points A, B, C, and D

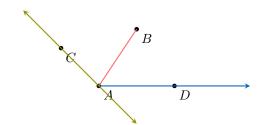
2. Draw segment \overline{AB}

3. Draw line \overrightarrow{AC}

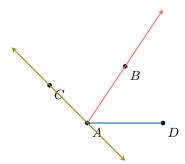
4. Draw ray \overrightarrow{AD}

Which student followed the instructions correctly? Select the correct answer:

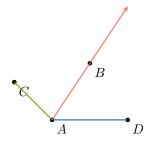
☐ Hugo



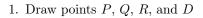
☐ Louis



□ Vincent



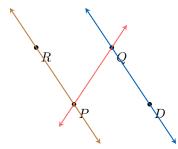
MCQ 22: A teacher gives these construction steps:



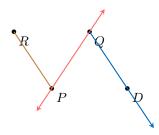
- 2. Draw segment \overline{PR}
- 3. Draw line \overrightarrow{PQ}
- 4. Draw ray \overrightarrow{QD}

Which student followed the instructions correctly? **Select the correct answer:**

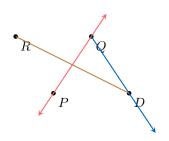
☐ Hugo



□ Louis



☐ Vincent

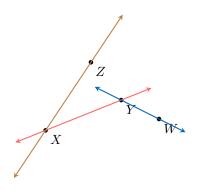


MCQ 23: A teacher gives these construction steps:

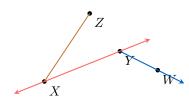
- 1. Draw points X, Y, Z, and W
- 2. Draw segment \overline{XZ}
- 3. Draw line \overrightarrow{XY}
- 4. Draw ray \overrightarrow{YW}

Which student followed the instructions correctly? **Select the correct answer:**

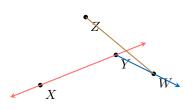
☐ Hugo



 \square Louis

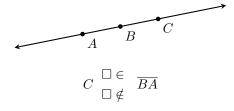


 $\hfill\Box$ Vincent

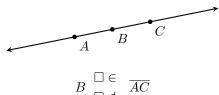


B.5 BUILDING GEOMETRIC FIGURES

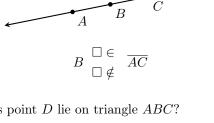
Ex 24: Using a ruler and pencil, draw three points A, B, and C, and the straight line AB.

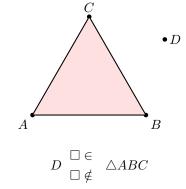


Ex 31: Does point B lie on the line segment between A and C?

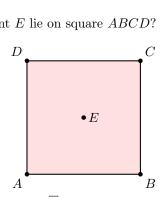


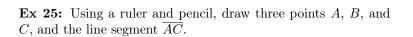
Ex 32: Does point D lie on triangle ABC?

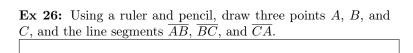




Ex 33: Does point E lie on square ABCD?



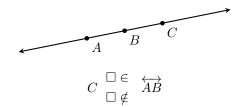




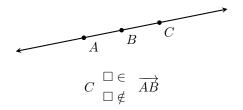
C ELEMENT RELATION

C.1 IDENTIFYING POINTS ON GEOMETRIC FIGURES

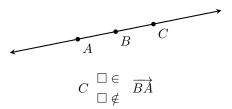
Ex 27: Does point C lie on the line through points A and B?



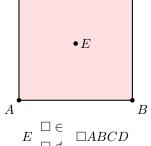
Ex 28: Does point C lie on the ray from A through B?



Ex 29: Does point C lie on the ray from B through A?



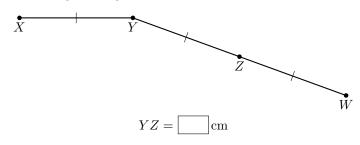
Ex 30: Does point C lie on the line segment between B and A?



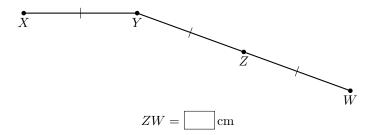
D LENGTH

D.1 USING TICK MARKS TO CALCULATE LENGTHS

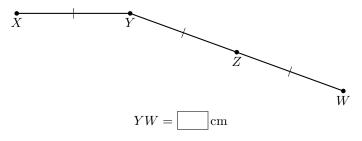
Ex 34: The segment \overline{XY} measures 3 cm. Use the tick marks to find the length of segment \overline{YZ} .



Ex 35: The segment \overline{XY} measures 3 cm. Use the tick marks to find the length of segment \overline{ZW} .



Ex 36: The segment \overline{XY} measures 3 cm. Use the tick marks to find the length of segment \overline{YW} .

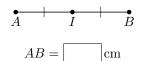


D.2 CALCULATE LENGTHS USING A MIDPOINT

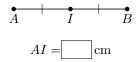
Ex 37: The segment \overline{AI} measures 3 cm. Use the tick marks to find the length of segment \overline{AB} .

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
A & I & B \\
AB = & cm
\end{array}$$

Ex 38: The segment \overline{IB} measures 10 cm. Use the tick marks to find the length of segment \overline{AB} .



Ex 39: The segment \overline{AB} measures 10 cm. Use the tick marks to find the length of segment \overline{AI} .

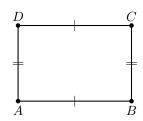


Ex 40: The segment \overline{AB} measures 20 cm. Use the tick marks to find the length of segment \overline{AI} .

$$AI = \boxed{ cm}$$

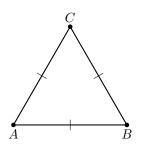
D.3 USING TICK MARKS TO FIND PERIMETER

Ex 41: The segment \overline{AB} measures 3 cm and segment \overline{BC} measures 2 cm. Use the tick marks to find the perimeter of rectangle ABCD.



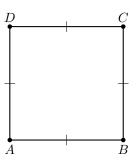
Perimeter of the rectangle ABCD = | cm

Ex 42: The segment \overline{AB} measures 3 cm. Use the tick marks to find the perimeter of triangle ABC.



Perimeter of $\triangle ABC =$ cm

Ex 43: The segment \overline{AB} measures 3 cm. Use the tick marks to find the perimeter of square ABCD.



Perimeter of $\Box ABCD = \Box$ cm

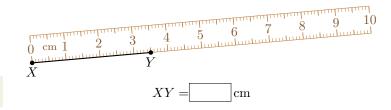
D.4 MEASURING WITH A RULER

Ex 44: Measure the length of segment \overline{XY} using the ruler shown.



$$XY = \boxed{}$$
cm

Ex 45: Measure the length of segment \overline{XY} using the ruler shown.

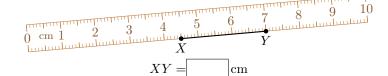


Ex 46: Measure the length of segment \overline{XY} using the ruler shown.



$$XY = \boxed{}$$
cm

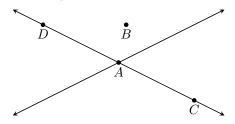
Ex 47: Measure the length of segment \overline{XY} using the ruler shown.



E INTERSECTION POINT

E.1 PICKING THE INTERSECTION POINTS

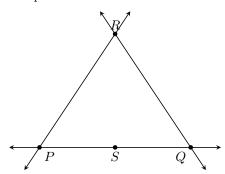
MCQ 48: Pick the point where the lines intersect.



Choose one point:

- $\Box A$
- \square B
- \Box C
- \square D

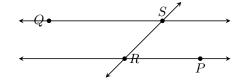
MCQ 49: Pick the points where the lines intersect.



Choose all correct points:

- $\square P$
- $\square Q$
- \square R
- \square S

MCQ 50: Pick the points where the lines intersect.



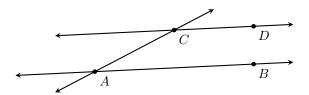
Choose all correct points:

- $\square P$
- $\square Q$
- $\square R$
- \square S

F PARALLEL LINES

F.1 IDENTIFYING PARALLEL LINES

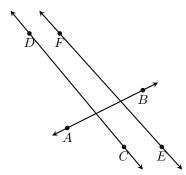
MCQ 51:



Choose the true statement:

- $\square \overleftrightarrow{AB}$ is parallel to \overleftrightarrow{AC} .
- $\square \overleftrightarrow{CD}$ is parallel to \overleftrightarrow{AC} .
- $\square \overleftrightarrow{CD}$ is parallel to \overrightarrow{AB} .

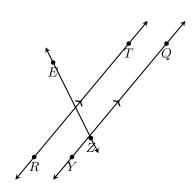
MCQ 52:



Choose the true statement:

- $\square \overrightarrow{AB}$ is parallel to \overrightarrow{DC} .
- $\square \overrightarrow{DC}$ is parallel to \overrightarrow{FE} .
- $\square \overleftrightarrow{AB}$ is parallel to \overleftrightarrow{FE} .

MCQ 53:



Choose the true statement:

- $\square \overleftrightarrow{ZE}$ is parallel to \overrightarrow{RT} .
- $\square \ \overrightarrow{ZE}$ is parallel to \overrightarrow{YQ} .
- $\square \ \overrightarrow{RT}$ is parallel to \overrightarrow{YQ} .

F.2 COUNTING POSSIBLE LINES

MCQ 54: Can you find a line that passes through points A and B? How many such lines are possible?

• _A • _B

 \Box 0

 \Box 1

□ Infinite

MCQ 55: Can you find a line that passes through points A, B, and C together? How many such lines are possible?

C

 $\bullet B$

 $A \bullet$

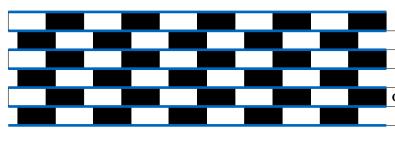
- \Box 0
- \Box 1
- ☐ Infinite

MCQ 56: Can you find a line that passes through point *A*? How many such lines are possible?

• 4

- \Box 0
- \Box 1
- ☐ Infinite

MCQ 57: Are the blue thick lines parallel?



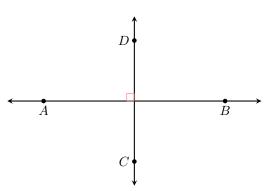
 \square Yes

 \square No

G PERPENDICULAR LINES

G.1 IDENTIFYING PERPENDICULAR LINES

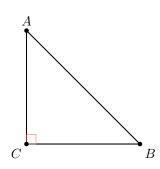
MCQ 58:



Choose the true statement:

- $\square \overleftrightarrow{CD}$ is parallel to \overrightarrow{AB} .
- $\square \overleftrightarrow{AB}$ is parallel to \overleftrightarrow{CD} .
- $\square \overleftrightarrow{CD}$ is perpendicular to \overrightarrow{AB} .

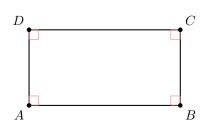
MCQ 59:



Choose the true statement:

- $\square \overleftrightarrow{AB}$ is perpendicular to \overleftrightarrow{AC} .
- $\square \overrightarrow{AB}$ is perpendicular to \overrightarrow{BC} .
- $\square \overleftrightarrow{AC}$ is perpendicular to \overleftrightarrow{BC} .

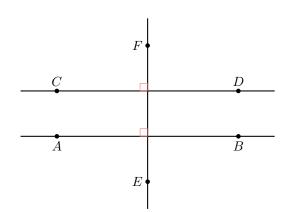
MCQ 60:



Choose all true statements:

- $\square \ \overleftrightarrow{AB}$ is perpendicular to $\overleftrightarrow{AD}.$
- $\square \overleftrightarrow{AB}$ is perpendicular to \overleftrightarrow{BC} .
- $\square \overleftrightarrow{BC}$ is perpendicular to \overleftrightarrow{CD} .

MCQ 61:

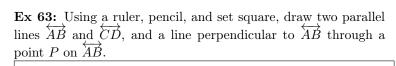


Choose the true statements:

- $\square \overleftrightarrow{CD}$ is perpendicular to \overleftrightarrow{AB} .
- $\square \overleftrightarrow{EF}$ is perpendicular to \overleftrightarrow{CD} .
- $\square \overleftrightarrow{EF}$ is perpendicular to \overleftrightarrow{AB} .

G.2 BUILDING GEOMETRIC FIGURES

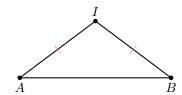
Ex 62: Using a ruler, pencil, and set square, draw line \overrightarrow{AB} and a perpendicular line through a point P on \overrightarrow{AB} .



H MIDPOINT AND PERPENDICULAR BISECTOR

H.1 IDENTIFYING MIDPOINTS AND PERPENDICULAR BISECTORS

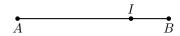
MCQ 64: Point I is the midpoint of segment \overline{AB} .



Is the statement true or false?

- ☐ True
- □ False

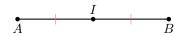
MCQ 65: Point I is the midpoint of segment \overline{AB} .



Is the statement true or false?

- □ True
- ☐ False

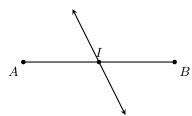
MCQ 66: Point I is the midpoint of segment \overline{AB} .



Is the statement true or false?

- ☐ True
- ☐ False

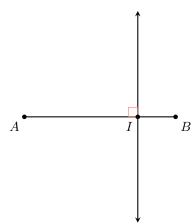
MCQ 67: Line \overrightarrow{EF} is the perpendicular bisector of segment \overrightarrow{AB} .



Is the statement true or false?

- □ True
- □ False

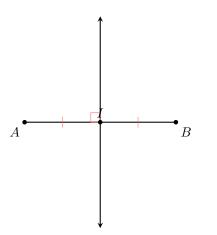
MCQ 68: Line \overrightarrow{EF} is the perpendicular bisector of segment \overline{AB} .



Is the statement true or false?

- ☐ True
- \square False

MCQ 69: Line \overrightarrow{EF} is the perpendicular bisector of segment



 \square True

□ False

H.2 BUILDING GEOMETRIC FIGURES

Ex 70: Using a ruler and pencil, draw segment \overline{AB} and its midpoint I.

Ex 71: Using a ruler and pencil, draw segment \overline{AB} , its midpoint

I, and the perpendicular bisector of \overline{AB} .

Ex 72: Using a ruler, compass, and pencil, draw triangle ABC and construct the perpendicular bisectors of its three sides \overline{AB} , \overline{BC} , and \overline{CA} following the method for constructing a perpendicular bisector. Observe where the perpendicular bisectors intersect.



I PROPERTIES OF PARALLEL LINES

I.1 INVESTIGATING LINE RELATIONSHIPS

MCQ 73: Given that $\overrightarrow{l_1}$ is perpendicular to $\overrightarrow{l_3}$ and $\overrightarrow{l_2}$ is perpendicular to $\overrightarrow{l_3}$, what is the relationship between $\overrightarrow{l_1}$ and $\overrightarrow{l_2}$?

 \square Parallel

☐ Perpendicular

MCQ 74: Given that $\overrightarrow{l_1}$ is perpendicular to $\overrightarrow{l_3}$ and $\overrightarrow{l_1}$ is parallel to $\overrightarrow{l_2}$, what is the relationship between $\overrightarrow{l_2}$ and $\overrightarrow{l_3}$?

 \square Perpendicular

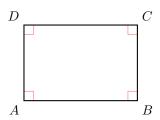
□ Parallel

MCQ 75: Given that $\overrightarrow{l_1}$ is parallel to $\overrightarrow{l_2}$ and $\overrightarrow{l_2}$ is parallel to $\overrightarrow{l_3}$, what is the relationship between $\overrightarrow{l_1}$ and $\overrightarrow{l_3}$?

 \square Parallel

□ Perpendicular

MCQ 76:



Which student correctly explains why \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{DC} are parallel in rectangle ABCD?

 \square Su: "I see that \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{DC} are parallel."

 \square Louis: "Since \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{AD} are perpendicular and \overrightarrow{DC} and \overrightarrow{AD} are perpendicular, \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{DC} are parallel."

 \square Hugo: "Since \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{BC} are parallel and \overrightarrow{DC} and \overrightarrow{DA} are parallel, \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{DC} are parallel."