

DIVISION WITH REMAINDERS

Division with a remainder is a way of dividing when you don't have enough to make equal groups. It's like sharing things, and sometimes there's a little bit left over.

A DIVISION WITHOUT REMAINDERS

Definition Division

Division is

- **splitting** a total into equal groups:

$$\text{total} \div \text{number of groups} = \text{number in each group}$$

- **regrouping** a total into groups of equal size:

$$\text{total} \div \text{number in each group} = \text{number of groups}$$

Division is the opposite of multiplication:

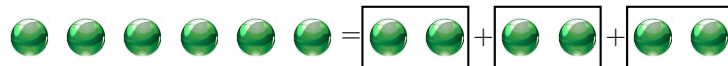
$$\text{total} = \text{number of groups} \times \text{number in each group}$$

Ex: Hugo has 6 marbles and he puts them into 3 equal groups.



How many marbles are in each group?

Answer:



Because $6 = 3 \times 2$, then $6 \div 3 = 2$.
There are 2 marbles in each group.

B DIVISION WITH REMAINDERS

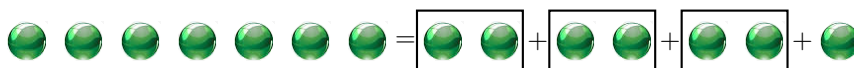
Definition Division with remainder

When you divide one number by another, sometimes there is something left over. The number that's left over is called the **remainder**.

$$7 \div 3 = 2R1$$

We can also write it as a multiplication plus the remainder:

$$7 = 3 \times 2 + 1$$



C LONG DIVISION

Method Column Division 1 Step

To divide with a remainder, like $13 \div 4 = \square R \square$, follow these steps:

- $\begin{array}{r} \overline{4)13} \end{array}$ Set up the division problem

- $\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \overline{4)13} \\ -12 \end{array}$ How many times does 4 fit into 13? We know that: $4 \times 3 = \boxed{12}$ which is less than or equal to 13
 $4 \times 4 = \cancel{16}$ which is bigger than 13

Write 3 above the line and the product 12 under the 13

- $$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 4 \overline{) 13} \\ \underline{12} \\ 1 \end{array}$$
 Subtract $13 - 12 = 1$
- $13 \div 4 = 3R1$ and $13 = 4 \times 3 + 1$

Method Column Division 2 Steps

For the division with a remainder of $130 \div 4 = \square R\square$, follow these steps:

1.
$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \overline{) 130} \end{array}$$
 Set up the division problem

2.
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 4 \overline{) 130} \\ \underline{-12} \end{array}$$
 How many times does 4 fit into 13? We know that: $4 \times 3 = \boxed{12} \leq 13$
 $4 \times 4 = \cancel{16} > 13$

3.
$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ 4 \overline{) 130} \\ \underline{-12} \downarrow \\ 10 \end{array}$$
 Subtract $13 - 12 = 1$ and bring down the next digit

4.
$$\begin{array}{r} 32 \\ 4 \overline{) 130} \\ \underline{-12} \downarrow \\ 10 \\ \underline{-8} \end{array}$$
 How many times does 4 fit into 10? We know that: $4 \times 2 = \boxed{8} \leq 10$
 $4 \times 3 = \cancel{12} > 10$

5.
$$\begin{array}{r} 32 \\ 4 \overline{) 130} \\ \underline{-12} \downarrow \\ 10 \\ \underline{-8} \\ 2 \end{array}$$
 Subtract: $10 - 8 = 2$

6. $130 \div 4 = 32R2$

D TWO WAYS TO THINK ABOUT DIVISION

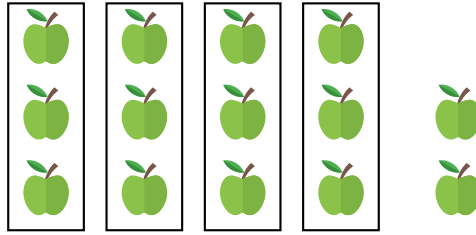
Method Finding number in each group and remainder

If we know the **total** quantity and the **number of groups**, division tells us how many are in **each group** and how many are **left over**:

$$\text{total} \div \text{number of groups} = \text{number in each group} \text{R} \text{leftovers}$$

$$\text{total} = \text{number of groups} \times \text{number in each group} + \text{leftovers}$$

For example, we have 14 apples and we share them equally among 4 friends.



Because $14 = 4 \times 3 + 2$, we have $14 \div 4 = 3\text{R}2$.

Each friend gets 3 apples.

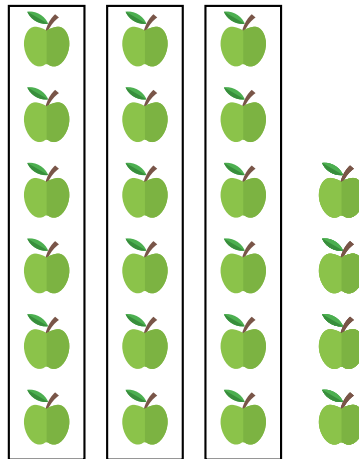
There are 2 apples left over.

Method Finding number of groups and remainder

If we know the **total** quantity and the **number in each group**, division tells us how many **groups** we can make and how many are **left over**:

$$\text{total} \div \text{number in each group} = \text{number of groups} \text{R} \text{leftovers}$$

For example, we have 22 apples and we pack them in boxes such that each box contains 6 apples.



Because $22 = 3 \times 6 + 4$, we have $22 \div 6 = 3\text{R}4$.

We pack 3 boxes.

There are 4 apples left over.