DIVISION

Have you ever shared something fairly with friends? Or have you ever put your toys away into equal groups? When you do this, you are using division! Division is a powerful tool for sharing and grouping equally.

A WHAT IS DIVISION?

Definition **Division** -

Division is the process of splitting a total amount into equal groups. We use the **division sign** (\div) to write a division sentence.

We can show "six divided by three equals two" in many ways:

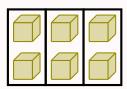
• With Numbers:

$$6 \div 3 = 2$$

• In Groups

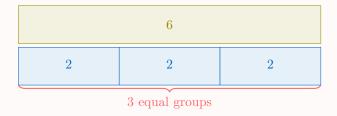
6 shared into 3 equal groups is 2 in each group

• With Cubes:



 $6 \div 3 = 2$: number of cubes in each group

• With a Part-Whole Model:



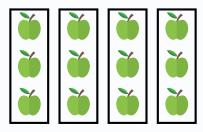
B TWO KINDS OF DIVISION QUESTIONS

Method Question 1: How many in each group?

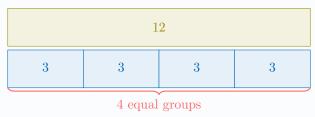
Sometimes you know the total and the number of groups. Division helps you find the number of items in each group.

 $Total \div Number of groups = Number in each group$

For example, we have 12 apples to share equally among 4 friends.



Each friend gets $12 \div 4 = 3$ apples.

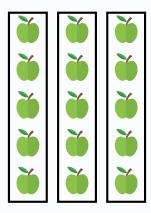


Method Question 2: How many groups can be made?

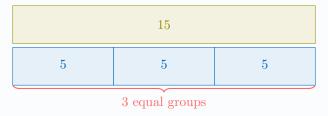
Other times, you know the total and the number of items for each group. Division helps you find the number of groups you can make.

 $Total \div Number in each group = Number of groups$

For example, we have 15 apples and we put them into boxes of 5.



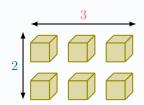
We can make $15 \div 5 = 3$ boxes.



C THE MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION CONNECTION

Proposition The Multiplication and Division Connection .

Multiplication and division are inverse operations. This means they are partners that "undo" each other.



The fact family for 3, 2, and 6 is:

 $3 \times 2 = 6 \qquad \qquad 6 \div 3 = 2$

 $2 \times 3 = 6 \qquad \qquad 6 \div 2 = 3$