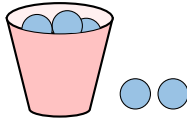


A DEFINITIONS

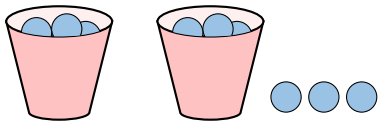
A.1 WRITING EXPRESSIONS

Ex 1:



A cup contains x marbles. Next to the cup, there are 2 marbles outside. Write an algebraic expression for the total number of marbles.

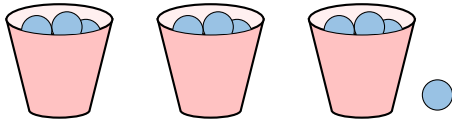
Ex 2:



Each cup contains x marbles. Next to the cups, there are 3 marbles outside.

Write an algebraic expression for the total number of marbles.

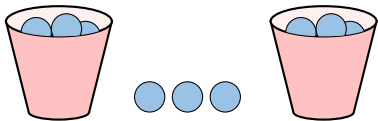
Ex 3:



Each cup contains x marbles. Next to the cups, there is 1 marble outside.

Write an algebraic expression for the total number of marbles.

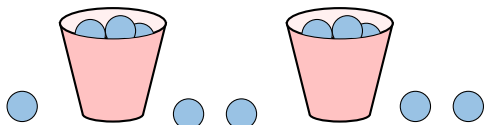
Ex 4:



Each cup contains x marbles. Next to the cups, there are 3 marbles outside.

Write an algebraic expression for the total number of marbles.

Ex 5:



Each cup contains x marbles. Outside the cups, there is 1 marble, then 2 marbles, then another 2 marbles.

Write an algebraic expression for the total number of marbles.

A.2 IDENTIFYING EQUATIONS OR EXPRESSIONS

MCQ 6: Is $2\pi r$ an equation?

☐ Yes

☐ No

MCQ 7: Is $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$ an equation?

☐ Yes

☐ No

MCQ 8: Is $a + b + c$ an equation?

☐ Yes

☐ No

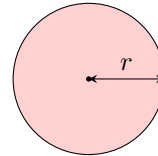
MCQ 9: Is $5x = 20$ an equation?

☐ Yes

☐ No

A.3 IDENTIFYING VARIABLES OR CONSTANTS

MCQ 10:



Consider the formula for the circumference of a circle:

$$C = 2\pi r$$

Identify the variables in this formula.

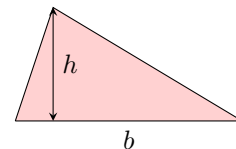
☐ C

☐ 2

☐ π

☐ r

MCQ 11:



Consider the formula for the area of a triangle:

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

Identify the variables in this formula.

☐ A

☐ $\frac{1}{2}$

- ☐ b
☐ h

MCQ 12: In the equation for Ohm's law,

$$V = IR$$

find the variables.

- ☐ V
☐ I
☐ R

MCQ 13: In the equation of a line

$$y = 2x + 1$$

find the variables.

- ☐ y
☐ 2
☐ x
☐ 1

B NOTATIONS

B.1 SIMPLIFYING REPEATED ADDITION

Ex 14: Simplify:

$$x + x + x = \square$$

Ex 15: Simplify:

$$n + n + n + n + n = \square$$

Ex 16: Simplify:

$$x + x + 2 + 2 + 2 = \square$$

Ex 17: Simplify:

$$x + x + x + 2 \times 3 = \square$$

B.2 SIMPLIFYING REPEATED MULTIPLICATION

Ex 18: Simplify:

$$x \times x \times x = \square$$

Ex 19: Simplify:

$$n \times n = \square$$

Ex 20: Simplify:

$$x \times x \times x \times x = \square$$

Ex 21: Simplify:

$$x \times x + 2 + 3 = \square$$

Ex 22: Simplify:

$$x \times x \times x - x \times x = \square$$

B.3 COMBINING LIKE TERMS

Ex 23: Simplify:

$$3x + 2x = \square$$

Ex 24: Simplify:

$$2n + 4n = \square$$

Ex 25: Simplify:

$$2x - x = \square$$

Ex 26: Simplify:

$$5x - 2x = \square$$

Ex 27: Simplify:

$$3n - 2n = \square$$

B.4 COMBINING LIKE TERMS

Ex 28: Simplify:

$$10x + 5x = \square$$

Ex 29: Simplify:

$$x - 8x = \square$$

Ex 30: Simplify:

$$2x - 4x - 3x = \square$$

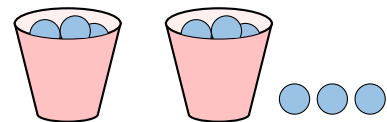
Ex 31: Simplify:

$$x - 2x + 5x = \square$$

C IDENTITY

C.1 WRITING ALGEBRAIC EXPRESSIONS IN SIMPLIFIED FORM

Ex 32:

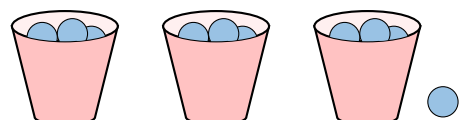


Each cup contains x marbles. Next to the cups, there are 3 marbles outside.

Write an algebraic expression for the total number of marbles. **Express your answer in simplified form.**

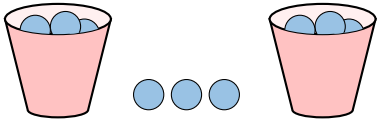
$$\square$$

Ex 33:



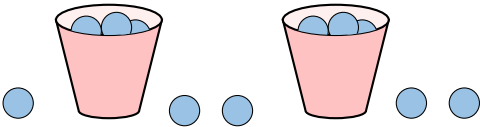
Each cup contains x marbles. Next to the cups, there is 1 marble outside.
Write an algebraic expression for the total number of marbles.**Express your answer in simplified form.**

Ex 34:



Each cup contains x marbles. Next to the cups, there are 3 marbles outside.
Write an algebraic expression for the total number of marbles.**Express your answer in simplified form.**

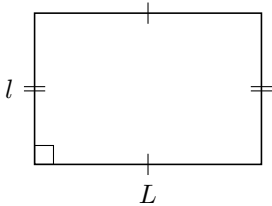
Ex 35:



Each cup contains x marbles. Outside the cups, there are 1 marble, then 2 marbles, then another 2 marbles.
Write an algebraic expression for the total number of marbles.**Express your answer in simplified form.**

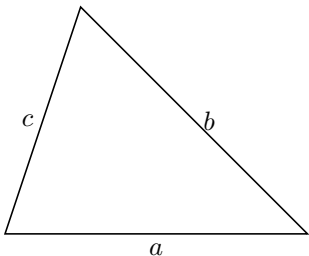
C.2 WRITING FORMULAS FOR PERIMETER AND AREA

Ex 36:



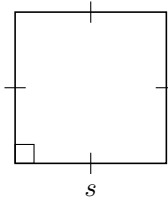
Write a formula for the perimeter of the rectangle using the variables P (perimeter), l (length), and L (width).

Ex 37:



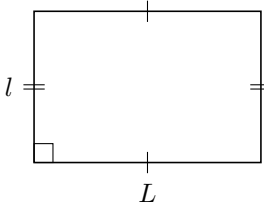
Write a formula for the perimeter of the triangle using the variables P (perimeter), a , b , and c (side lengths).

Ex 38:



Write a formula for the area of the square using the variable A (area) and s (side length).

Ex 39:



Write a formula for the area of the rectangle using the variables A (area), l (length), and L (width).

C.3 SIMPLIFYING EXPRESSIONS

Ex 40: Simplify the expression:

$$2x + 4 + x - 2 = \boxed{}$$

Ex 41: Simplify the expression:

$$3x + 5 - x - 3 = \boxed{}$$

Ex 42: Simplify the expression:

$$x + 4x + 3 - 2 = \boxed{}$$

Ex 43: Simplify the expression:

$$3 + 2x - x + 5 = \boxed{}$$

Ex 44: Simplify the expression:

$$x^2 + x + 3x^2 = \boxed{}$$

Ex 45: Simplify the expression:

$$2 + 4x - x^2 - 3x + 3x^2 = \boxed{}$$

Ex 46: Simplify the expression:

$$x^2 + x + 3x^2 - 2x + 6 = \boxed{}$$

Ex 47: Simplify the expression:

$$3x^2 + 2x - 3 - 2x^2 + 3x - 4 = \boxed{}$$



C.4 SIMPLIFYING USING COMMUTATIVITY AND ASSOCIATIVITY

Ex 48: Simplify:

$$2 \times 3x = \boxed{}$$

Ex 49: Simplify:

$$x \times 3x = \boxed{}$$

Ex 50: Simplify:

$$4 \times 2x = \boxed{}$$

Ex 51: Simplify:

$$5x \times 2 = \boxed{}$$

Ex 52: Simplify:

$$2x \times 4x = \boxed{}$$

C.5 SIMPLIFYING USING THE ZERO IDENTITY

Ex 53: Simplify:

$$0(2x - x^2 + 2)^2 = \boxed{}$$

Ex 54: Simplify:

$$2x + 0(x^2 - 2) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 55: Simplify:

$$2x + 6x - 8x = \boxed{}$$

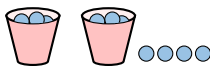
Ex 56: Simplify:

$$(2x - 2x)^2 + 3 = \boxed{}$$

D SUBSTITUTING

D.1 EVALUATING EXPRESSIONS

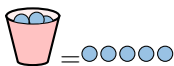
Ex 57:



Each cup contains x marbles. The expression for the total number of marbles is:

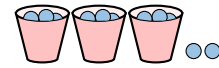
$$2x + 4$$

Evaluate this expression when $x = 5$ (that is, 5 marbles in each cup):



$\boxed{}$ marbles in total.

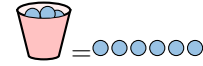
Ex 58:



Each cup contains x marbles. The expression for the total number of marbles is:

$$3x + 2$$

Evaluate this expression when $x = 6$ (that is, 6 marbles in each cup):



$\boxed{}$ marbles in total.

Ex 59:



Each cup contains x marbles. The expression for the total number of marbles is:

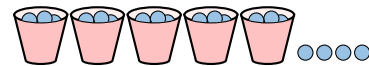
$$4x + 3$$

Evaluate this expression when $x = 8$ (that is, 8 marbles in each cup):



$\boxed{}$ marbles in total.

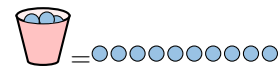
Ex 60:



Each cup contains x marbles. The expression for the total number of marbles is:

$$5x + 4$$

Evaluate this expression when $x = 10$ (that is, 10 marbles in each cup):



$\boxed{}$ marbles in total.

D.2 EVALUATING EXPRESSIONS: LEVEL 1

Ex 61: When $x = 2$, evaluate:

$$3x - 4 = \boxed{}$$

Ex 62: When $x = 4$, evaluate:

$$5 - 2x = \boxed{}$$

Ex 63: When $x = 3$, evaluate:

$$x^2 - 2 = \boxed{}$$

D.3 EVALUATING EXPRESSIONS: LEVEL 2

Ex 64: When $x = -2$, evaluate:

$$x^2 + 4 = \boxed{}$$

Ex 65: When $x = 3$, evaluate:

$$x^2 + 2x = \boxed{}$$

Ex 66: When $x = 3$, evaluate:

$$2x^2 - 2x + 1 = \boxed{}$$

Ex 67: When $x = 2$, evaluate:

$$x(5 - x) = \boxed{}$$

D.4 EVALUATING IN EQUATIONS

Ex 68: For the equation $y = 2x - 1$, when $x = 2$, find y .

$$y = \boxed{}$$

Ex 69: For the equation $y = 1 - x$, when $x = 2$, find y .

$$y = \boxed{}$$

Ex 70: For the equation $y = x^2 + 1$, when $x = 3$, find y .

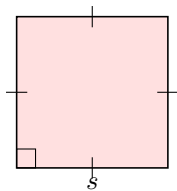
$$y = \boxed{}$$

Ex 71: For the equation $y = x^2 + 1$, when $x = -1$, find y .

$$y = \boxed{}$$

D.5 EVALUATING IN FORMULAE

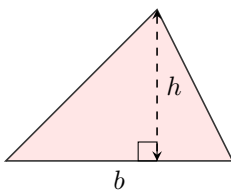
Ex 72:



The area formula is $A = s^2$. Calculate the area of a square given $s = 2$ cm.

$$A = \boxed{} \text{ cm}^2$$

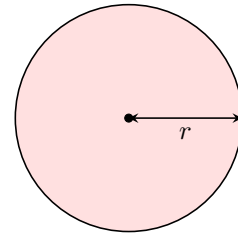
Ex 73:



The area formula is $A = \frac{b \times h}{2}$. Calculate the area of a triangle given $b = 4$ cm and $h = 3$ cm.

$$A = \boxed{} \text{ cm}^2$$

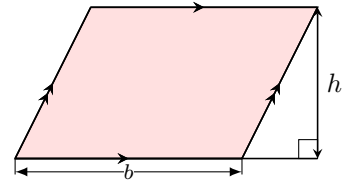
Ex 74:



The area formula is $A = \pi r^2$. Find the area of a circle with $r = 2$ cm (round to 1 decimal place).

$$A = \boxed{} \text{ cm}^2$$

Ex 75:



The area formula is $A = b \times h$. Calculate the area of the parallelogram with $b = 10$ m and $h = 7$ m.

$$A = \boxed{} \text{ m}^2$$

E DISTRIBUTIVE IDENTITIES

E.1 EXPANDING WITH ADDITION: LEVEL 1

Ex 76: Expand and simplify:

$$5(x + 3) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 77: Expand and simplify:

$$2(3 + x) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 78: Expand and simplify:

$$3(2x + 2) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 79: Expand and simplify:

$$2(5 + 3x) = \boxed{}$$

E.2 EXPANDING WITH ADDITION: LEVEL 2

Ex 80: Expand and simplify:

$$x(x + 1) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 81: Expand and simplify:

$$x(2x + 3) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 82: Expand and simplify:

$$2x(x + 2) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 83: Expand and simplify:

$$3x(2x + 5) = \boxed{}$$

E.3 EXPANDING WITH ADDITION: LEVEL 3

Ex 84: Expand and simplify:

$$2(x + 1) + x = \boxed{}$$

Ex 85: Expand and simplify:

$$2(2x + 3) - 3x = \boxed{}$$

Ex 86: Expand and simplify:

$$x(x + 2) - x^2 = \boxed{}$$

Ex 87: Expand and simplify:

$$2x(3x + 2) - 8x = \boxed{}$$

E.4 EXPANDING WITH SUBTRACTION: LEVEL 1

Ex 88: Expand and simplify:

$$2(x - 2) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 89: Expand and simplify:

$$3(5x - 6) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 90: Expand and simplify:

$$2(3 - x) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 91: Expand and simplify:

$$4(3 - 5x) = \boxed{}$$

E.5 EXPANDING WITH SUBTRACTION: LEVEL 2

Ex 92: Expand and simplify:

$$x(x - 1) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 93: Expand and simplify:

$$x(2x - 3) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 94: Expand and simplify:

$$2x(x - 2) = \boxed{}$$

Ex 95: Expand and simplify:

$$3x(2x - 5) = \boxed{}$$

E.6 EXPANDING WITH SUBTRACTION: LEVEL 3

Ex 96: Expand and simplify:

$$2(x - 2) + 4 = \boxed{}$$

Ex 97: Expand and simplify:

$$4(x - 3) - 5x = \boxed{}$$

Ex 98: Expand and simplify:

$$x(x - 2) + 6 = \boxed{}$$

Ex 99: Expand and simplify:

$$2(x - 2) + 3x - 10 = \boxed{}$$