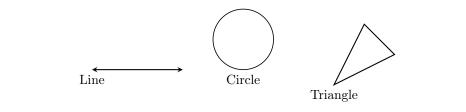
2D SHAPES

A PLANE GEOMETRY

Definition **Plane Geometry**

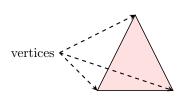
Plane Geometry is the study of flat shapes that you see in pictures or on paper. These shapes include lines, circles, triangles, squares, and rectangles. They are called flat because they have only length and width.



- Definition Side A side is a straight line on a shape.

Definition –

A **vertex** is a point where two sides meet.

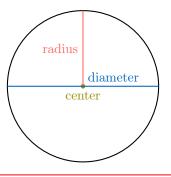


B CIRCLES

Definition Circle -

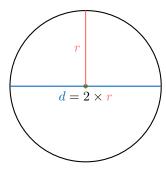
A circle is every point on the edge as same distance from the center.

The **radius** is a line segment from the center to a point of the circle. The radius is also the length of this segment. The **diameter** is a line segment that goes across the circle through the center, connecting two points on the circle. The diameter is also the length of this segment.

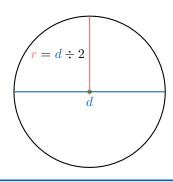


Proposition Diameter-Radius Rule

• The diameter is twice the radius: $d = 2 \times r$.



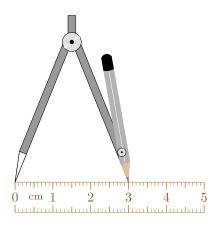
• The radius is half the diameter: $r=d\div 2$



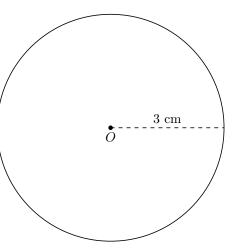
Method Constructing a Circle

To construct a circle with a radius of 3 cm at center O:

1. Set your compass to a radius of 3 cm. To do this, open your compass so the distance between the pencil tip and the needle is 3 cm. You can measure this distance using your ruler.



2. Place the needle of your compass on point O. Hold the compass steady and rotate the pencil around O to draw the full circle.



C POLYGONS

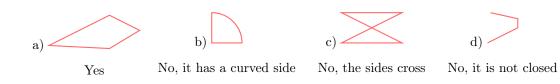
Definition **Polygon** _

A polygon is a flat shape that is closed, has only straight sides, and has sides that do not cross each other.

Ex: Look at the shapes below. Decide if each one is a polygon.



Answer:



D TRIANGLES

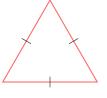
Definition **Triangle**

A **triangle** is a polygon with three sides.

We can classify triangles according to the number of sides that are equal in length.

Definition Equilateral triangle

An equilateral triangle is a triangle in which all three sides are equal in length and all three angles are equal.



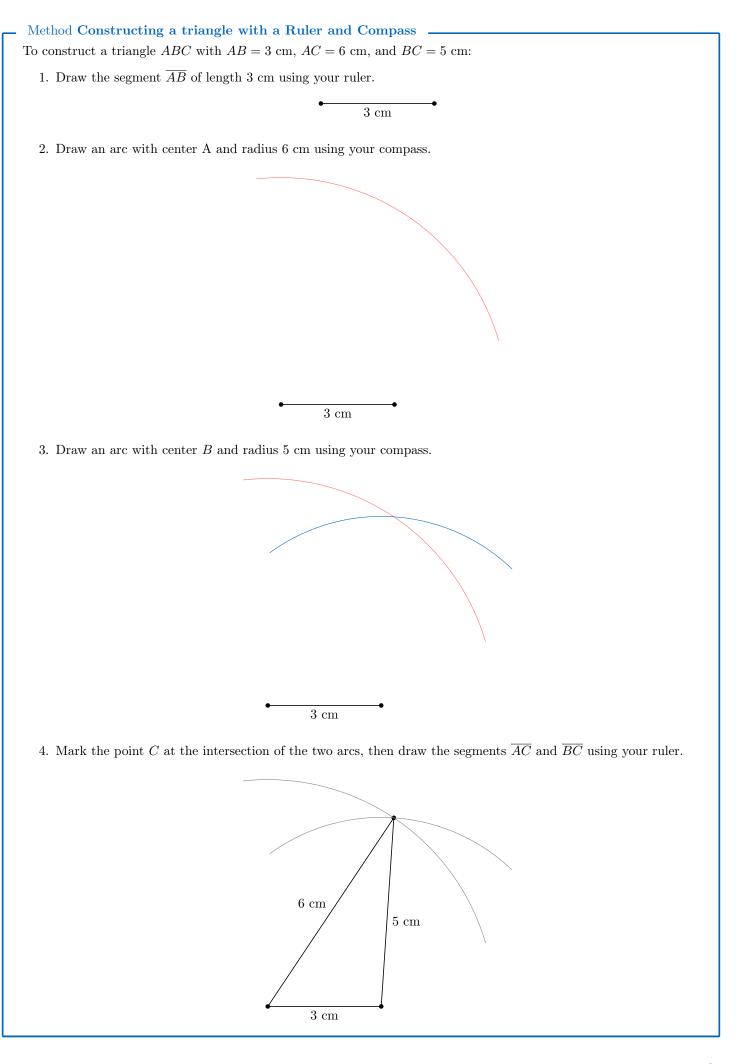
Definition Isosceles triangle __________An isosceles triangle is a triangle in which two sides are equal in length.



Definition **Right-angled triangle**

A **right-angled triangle** is a triangle with one right angle (90°) .



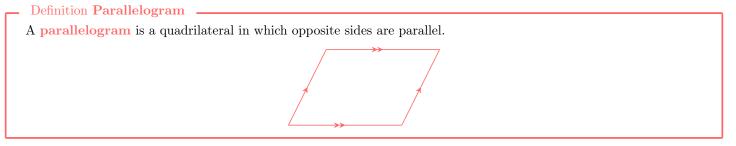


E QUADRILATERALS

Definition **Quadrilateral**

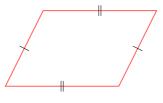
A **quadrilateral** is a polygon with four sides.

Some quadrilaterals are given special names, based on their side lengths, angles, and whether opposite sides are parallel.



Proposition **Property of a parallelogram** .

The opposite sides of a parallelogram are equal in length.



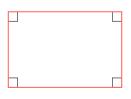
Definition Square -

A square is a quadrilateral with four right angles and four equal sides.



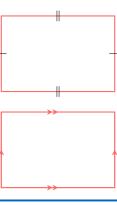
Definition **Rectangle** _____

A **rectangle** is a quadrilateral with four right angles.



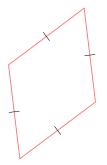
Proposition **Properties of a rectangle**

The opposite sides of a rectangle are equal in length and parallel.



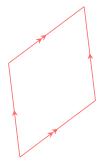
Definition Rhombus -

A **rhombus** is a quadrilateral with four equal sides.



Proposition **Property of a rhombus** _____

The opposite sides of a rhombus are parallel.



 $\mathbf{6}$